

IMPORTED,  
 Capt. JOHN COLE, from  
 to be Sold by the Subscriber, at  
 the Dock, in ANNAPOLIS,  
 ment of European and  
 GOODS, at very reasonable  
 Money, Gold, or Bills of Ex-  
 change, good Barbadoes RUM, at  
 SUGAR, at 8 d. per Pound,  
 BEANS, at 2 s. per Dozen.  
 John Raitt.

able to LAW,  
 is hereby given, That  
 the Plantation of William Shipley,  
 on up as a Stray, a Small Cheek  
 ended B in two Places on the  
 on the near Shoulder B  
 I  
 y have her again, on proving his  
 ing Charges.

able to LAW,  
 is hereby given, That  
 the Plantation of Benjamin Tal-  
 the Eastern Branch Ferry, in  
 County, taken up as Strays,  
 about 13 Hands high, branded  
 er and Buttock W.  
 Horse, branded on the near Ent-  
 out 12 Hands high.  
 r Owners, may have them again,  
 rty, and paying Charges.

able to LAW,  
 is hereby given, That  
 the Plantation of Mr. Samuel  
 Annapolis, taken up as a Stray, a  
 white Horse, has no Brand, nor  
 may have him again, on proving his  
 ing Charges.

E of a small LOTTERY;  
 Sum of 490 Pieces of Eight, for  
 the public Wharf at Baltimore-Town.

Pieces of Eight.	Total.
100 are	200
50 are	150
30 are	90
20 are	120
15 are	150
10 are	200
5 are	250
3 are	1836
	7
	7

3010

at 2 Pieces of Eight, are 3500  
 For the public Wharf 490  
 there is not one Blank and a

nothing more wanting than a public  
 town, where the Trade is greatly  
 a few Years, it is not to be doubt-  
 will readily Adventure in this Lot-  
 well-wishers to the Prosperity of the  
 nce.

Tickets being already engaged, it  
 ottery will be full in a very short  
 public Notice will be given, and  
 Drawing.

Prizes will be published in the  
 tte, as soon as the Drawing is  
 Persons are appointed Managers,  
 under Oath, for the true Perform-  
 ract, viz. Messrs. John Stevens,  
 John Moale, Charles Coxall, Wil-  
 nicholas Rogers, John Ridgely, N.  
 liam Lux, and Brian Phipps, jun.  
 had of any of the Managers, and  
 OFFICE, in Annapolis.

OFFICE in Charles-street;  
 EMENTS of a moderate  
 per Week after for Con-

# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

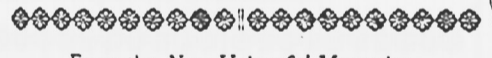
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Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, February 28, 1754.

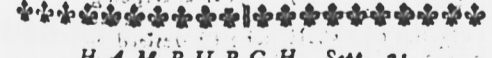
From the New Universal Magazine for the Month  
 of August, we have the following remarkable In-  
 stance of the Effect of Rash Judgment.

**A** CERTAIN Man of the City of  
 Basil in Germany, having used his  
 Wife so cruelly that she to get clear  
 of his ill Usage, left his House and  
 escaped to a Friend's House in the  
 Country, to engage her Reconciliation between  
 them. It also happened, that at the very Interim  
 of Time, before it was known she had withdrawn  
 herself, a certain Woman was found drowned in  
 the Rhine; and her Cloaths resembling those of  
 the absent Wife, the Concourse of the People not  
 able to discover the true Lineaments of her di-  
 gured Face, and prepossessed with an Opinion that  
 it could be no other than the Wife that was miss-  
 ing, positively insisted that the cruel Husband had killed  
 his Wife, and thrown her into the River. And the  
 Magistrates, carried away by the common Re-  
 port, committed him to Prison to be tortured. And  
 the unfortunate Man to rescue himself from the  
 Torture of the Rack, confessed himself guilty of  
 the Murder of his Wife; and that he had first kill'd  
 her, and then thrown her Body into the Rhine;  
 Death being more eligible to him than to be tortu-  
 red to Death. Upon this Confession, Sentence  
 was pronounced against him, and the Husband was  
 executed like a Parricide. Three Days after, the  
 fugitive Wife returned with her Friends, to make  
 up the Breach, and to procure her better Treat-  
 ment from her Husband for the future. But to her  
 great Sorrow and Amazement, being told of what  
 had passed, she melted into Tears, and running  
 like a mad Woman to the Town House, presented  
 herself before the Judges, proved her Husband's  
 Innocence, and accused them of Injustice for being  
 carried away by the fallacious Evidence of Hearsay,  
 common Report and Circumstances.



From the New Universal Magazine.  
 The MISER'S Prayer.

**O** LORD, thou knowest that I have nine Hou-  
 ses in the City of London, and likewise that I  
 have lately purchased an Estate in Fee Simple, in the  
 County of Essex. I beseech thee to preserve the two  
 Counties of Essex and Middlesex from Fire and  
 Earthquakes; and as I have a Mortgage in Hert-  
 fordshire, I beg of thee likewise to have an Eye of  
 Compassion on that County; and, for the Rest of the  
 Counties thou mayest deal with them as thou art  
 pleased. Enable the Bank to answer all their Bills,  
 and make all Debtors good Men: Give a prosperous  
 Voyage to the Mermaid Sloop which I have insured.  
 And, thou hast said the Days of the Wicked are but  
 few, I trust in thee, that thou wilt not forget thy  
 Promise, having purchased an Estate in Reversion  
 of J. P. a profligate young Man: Keep our Friends  
 from sinking, and if it be thy Will, let there be no  
 sinking Funds. And keep my Son Caleb out of evil  
 Company and Gaming Houses; and sanctify this  
 Night to me, by preserving me from Thieves and  
 Fire, and make my Servants honest and careful,  
 whilst I thy faithful Servant lie down in this, O  
 Lord, Amen.



HAMBURGH, Sept. 21.

**W**E have receiv'd several Commissions from  
 Spain, to furnish that Kingdom with such  
 Goods as used to be supply'd by the Danes.  
 Spain, By the King's Decree, which forbids all  
 Trade with the Danes, no Danish Vessel is to enter  
 our Harbours, and all Goods of that Nation, in-  
 troduced hereafter into the Kingdom, will be con-  
 fiscated.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, dated Sept. 8.

"A Difference that happened between the  
 Nuns of the Royal Abbey of Odivello, and the  
 Bernardin Monks who receive their Rents, has gi-  
 ven Rise to a very extraordinary Adventure. The  
 Nuns being dissatisfied with the Management of  
 their Revenues by the Monks, wanted to take it  
 from them, and give it to the Officers of the Car-  
 dinal Patriarch; and their Patience worn out, they  
 determined to leave the Cloister, and shake off a  
 Yoke which appeared to them unsupported.  
 The Doors of the Abbey were set open, and the  
 young Ladies marched out, with a Cross carried  
 before them, leaving only some Sisters, whose ad-  
 vanced Age would not suffer them to take Part in  
 an Enterprize of this Nature. They took the  
 Road to the City, intending to throw themselves at  
 the King's Feet, to implore his Protection, and the  
 Justice they thought due to them. They had two  
 good Leagues to walk, and as most of them were  
 young Ladies of good Families, several were un-  
 able to proceed any farther than the Marquis de  
 Valence's Country House, and asked to be ad-  
 mitted into it to refresh themselves after their Fa-  
 tigue. They were immediately received, whilst the  
 others, consulting only the Remains of their Cou-  
 rage, continued their March to St Sebastian de  
 Pedreira, a Suburb of this Capital. The News of  
 their leaving their Cloister having reached the  
 Archbishop of Lacedemon, Vicar General of the  
 Cardinal Patriarch, he hastened to the Suburb, and  
 commanded them to go no farther on Pain of Ex-  
 communication. They were then ordered to march  
 into the Parish Church, where they passed the  
 Night. Next Morning they had all Sorts of Re-  
 freshments sent from Court; and the King assuring  
 them he would give them proper Redress, they  
 were carried back to their Nunnery in Coaches  
 sent for that Purpose, escorted by a Body of Horse  
 and Foot: And lest they should think of making a  
 second Tour to this City, a Guard is placed round  
 the Abbey and Gardens, which are above a League  
 in Extent."

Naples, Oct. 9. A Misunderstanding has lately  
 happened between this Government and that of  
 Malta, by which all Correspondence between them  
 is suspended, occasioned, 'tis said, by the latter's  
 Refusal to admit, in the Island of Gozzo, a Visitor  
 from the Bishop of Syracuse. A Palace is hir'd for  
 Sir James Gray, Minister from his Britannic Ma-  
 jesty, and another for Count Firmian, Envoy from  
 the Court of Vienna, who are shortly expected in  
 this City.

Copenhagen, Oct. 17. His Majesty has published  
 a Proclamation of the like Import issued against us  
 in Spain, forbidding all Manner of Trade or Cor-  
 respondence with any Person depending on Spain,  
 declaring all Spanish Goods contraband, and seiz-  
 able; no Spaniard to come into his Majesty's Do-  
 minions by Sea or Land: And any who may be  
 there at present, the Magistrates are to hasten them  
 away, yet without any Molestation or Injury; no  
 Spanish Ships on any Account, Distress excepted,  
 to be allowed Entrance in any of our Harbours or  
 Bays, and in such a Case, after receiving all ne-  
 cessary Assistance, to put to Sea without Delay.

Paris, Nov. 2. The following is the insolent  
 and enthusiastic Passage in the Bishop of Mon-  
 tauban's Mandate, which has made so much Noise  
 here.

"A certain Nation in particular, who, by Rea-  
 son of its hereditary Antipathy, is too near our  
 Coasts, affords us the most striking Example of the  
 Almighty's Way of dealing with People that cast  
 off the Yoke of Faith. It's Separation from the  
 Sovereign Pontiff being once completed, Religion  
 and the State were from thenceforth indiscriminate-  
 ly tossed about in an Ocean of Troubles and Cal-  
 amities. All the new Sects were collected there,  
 however opposite they might be to each other; the  
 Spirit of Fashion and Party got the upper-hand;  
 nothing remained fixed in divine and human Laws;  
 and amidst the thick Darkness which arose on e-

very Side, all Things seemed to become uncertain  
 or indifferent, except the sacrilegious Dogma of  
 Supremacy in Spirituals, attributed to the secular  
 Power.

"The Enemies of Episcopacy having prevailed  
 in these unhappy Times, the true Religion was ut-  
 terly annihilated, and the regal Dignity expired igno-  
 miniously. Then it was, that for the first Time  
 the World saw revolted Subjects forcibly seizing  
 and dragging to Prison, a King, whose Crime was  
 having borne too patiently their first Act of Se-  
 dition: A Parliament, shaking off the Yoke of all  
 superior Authority, with one Hand striking at Bi-  
 shops, and lifting the other against the Head of  
 their Sovereign; indecently accusing him, impu-  
 dently slandering him, unjustly condemning him,  
 leading him to the Scaffold like wild Beasts of  
 Prey, furiously executing him, and the People aston-  
 ished and giddy at this execrable Parricide, drink-  
 ing large Draughts of the intoxicating Principles of  
 Fanaticism and Independence, running like Mad-  
 men after a Phantom of Liberty, whilst like Slaves  
 they pay to a Tyrant that Obedience which they  
 refused to their lawful King. What a horrid Series  
 of Crimes! Here a King murdered in his Bed;  
 there another tumbled from his Throne, all the  
 Royal Family banished, the Crown set upon a for-  
 eign Head, and always tottering, notwithstanding  
 the Blood spilt to secure it, &c."

The Mandate in Question is suppressed by an Ar-  
 ret of the King's Council of State; and 'tis obser-  
 vable, that the Ministry had resolved to do it  
 before the Earl of Albemarle came to them with a  
 Complaint about it.

Hague, Nov. 2. The Courts of London and  
 Berlin have lately delivered reciprocal Declarations  
 touching the Prussian Prizes taken by the English  
 during the late War, and the reimbursing the re-  
 maining Part of the Capital of the Sillesia Loan,  
 which his Prussian Majesty took upon himself by  
 the Treaty of Breslaw. The Manner in which the  
 two Courts explain themselves, shews that both  
 would be glad to see this Affair amicably deter-  
 mined; but of this there is not the least appear-  
 ance, since the Proposals which they have mutu-  
 ally made to each other are incompatib'e with the  
 reciprocal Honour and Interest of the two Crowns.  
 France, indeed, has interposed in this Affair; but  
 her Decisions being too partial in favour of the  
 Court of Berlin, it was not possible for that of  
 London to accept of the Mediation.

Paris, Nov. 3. The Indiscretion of the Bishop  
 of Montauban, in reflecting on the Affairs of a  
 neighbouring Nation, in his Mandate on the Birth  
 of the Duke of Aquitaine, is universally disap-  
 proved. In a 1st Council of State held at Fos:  
 tangleau on the present Posture of Affairs, at  
 which several Princes of the Blood, and some Peers  
 assisted, his Majesty was very attentive, and could  
 not help letting slip some Expressions, that shew'd  
 a very tender Concern for the Welfare of his Sub-  
 jects. The new Chamber goes on with as much  
 Vigour as ever, notwithstanding a uniform and u-  
 niversal Opposition, countenanced by the silent  
 Regret of People of all Ranks.

Hague, Nov. 8. The Government having a  
 Design to raise some new Taxes, and that they  
 may lay those that are least burthensome to the  
 Public, have resolved to fix it upon Cards and  
 Dice.

## L O N D O N.

Oct. 23. The French are very assiduous in  
 their Endeavours from Canada, to discover if pos-  
 sible, by Land, a North west Passage, and pretend  
 they have already good Grounds to believe there  
 is such a Passage, but at the same Time suggest,  
 that it is very difficult by reason of Shoal Waters,  
 fierce Nations in their Neighbourhood, and other  
 Obstacles, which to be sure nothing can overcome  
 but French Wisdom and Courage, or it may be  
 which none but a French Invention can describe.

Oct. 25. We hear from Dulgelly in North  
 Wales, that there died lately in that Parish one E-