

RYLAND AL-  
for this present Year, to be  
T ING-OFFICE.

by the Subscriber,  
at India Rum, Maf-  
Molasses, Coffee, Salt Glass,  
by 8, 6 by 4, and Diamond  
White Lead, and sundry dry  
k, Beef, Corn, Wheat, Peas,  
ood Tobacco.

Patrick Creagh.

BE SOLD,  
EL of Land; lying  
County, near the great Falls  
containing 200 Acres, being  
Land, called the Addition to  
inclined to purchase the same,  
James Holmeard, junior, who  
d; and for Title and Terms  
iber, living at Upper Marl-

Colmore Beanes.

BE SOLD,  
Indian Corn, Wheat, Pork, or  
Lumber,  
SLOOP that will  
00 Bushels of Grain: She is  
ils, Rigging, Anchors, Cables,  
ials.

Kinsey Johns,  
William Thornton.  
or Payment will be given, on  
d.

IMPOR TED,  
ORD, Capt. JOHN COLE, from  
o be Sold by the Subscriber, at  
APOLIS,  
E Assortment of Eu-  
ast-India GOODS, Hori-  
R, Gloucester CHEESE, and  
GAR at 1s. 6d. per Pound;  
LARET by the Dozen, or

John Brice.

IMPOR TED,  
ORD, Capt. JOHN COLE, from  
o be Sold by the Subscriber, at  
near the Dock, in ANNAPOLIS,  
ment of European and  
GOODS, at very reasonable  
Money, Gold, or Bills of Ex-  
ells, good Barbadoes RUM, a:  
SUGAR, at 8d. per Pound,  
NGES, at 2s. per Dozen.  
John Raith.

Town, November 6, 1753.  
sons indebted to Mr.  
Carran, now on his Voyage to  
the Estate of Mr. Charles Carran,  
are desired to come and settle  
with; otherwise they must ex-  
their respective Debts, at March'

having any just Claims or De-  
Rowland Carran, or the Estate of  
n, are desired to apply for Pay-  
in Baltimore Town; from Mo-  
every Week; and at Elk Ridge  
urday, where Attendance will be

er and Carran, Attor-  
ys in Fact to Mr. Rowland Carran,  
and to the Trustees to the E-  
ste of Mr. Chas. Carran, of London.

ERS, Journals, and  
of fine Royal Paper, Medium,  
Alphabets, may be had at the  
Testaments, Primmers, Battle-  
oks, Ink-Powder, Sealing Wax,  
ing Cards, &c. &c.

OFFICE in Charles-street;  
EMENTS of a moderate  
er Week after for Con-

THE  
**MARYLAND GAZETTE,**  
Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

[Numb. 456.]

THURSDAY, January 31, 1754.

From the ANTIGUA GAZETTE.

The MAID'S SOLILOQUY,

In Imitation of that made by Mr. Addison's CATO.

Scene opens and discovers the MAID, with MILTON in her Hand, contemplating on the following celebrated Passage, viz.

"Hail wedded Love! mysterious Law! true  
Source of human Offspring:  
Our Maker bids Increase—Who bids abstain,  
But our Destroyer?—Foe to God and Man.—"

I T must be so—MILTON thou reason'st well,  
Else why this pleasing Hope?—this fond  
Desire?—  
This Longing after SOMETHING unpossess'd  
Or whence this secret Dread and inward  
Horror

Of dying UNESPous'd?—Why shrinks the Soul  
Back on itself, and startles at Virginity?  
'Tis Infin&, powerful Instinct stirs within us,  
And intimates an Husband to the Sex.

MARRIAGE! thou pleasing and yet anxious  
Thought!

Thro' what Variety of Hopes and Fears;  
Thro' what new Scenes and Changes must we  
pass?

Th' Unchanging State in Prospect lies before me,  
But Shadows, Clouds, and Darkness rest upon it.

Here will I hold!—If Nature prompts the Wish,  
(And that She does, is plain to Demonstration)

'Tis Duty, 'tis our Int'rest bids indulge it.

The great End of Nature's Law is Bliss.

But—in Wedlock—Woman must Obey!—  
I'm weary of these Doubts,—the Priest must end  
them.

Nor rashly do I venture:—Loss and Gain;  
Bondage and Pleasure meet my Thoughts at once:

I wed;—my Liberty is gone forever;

But Happiness from Time itself's secur'd.

Love first shall recompence my Loss of Pride,  
And when my Charms shall fade away, my Eyes  
Themselves grow dim, and Nature sink in Years;

Then virtuous Friendship shall succeed to love;

Then (please!) I'll storn Infirmitie and Death;

Renew'd immortal in a filial Race.

\*\*\*\*\*

W A R S A W, Sept. 29.

O N the 21st Instant, a terrible Fire broke out  
at Grodno, by which two hundred Houses  
were reduced to Ashes, besides the Church and  
Cloyster of St. Bridget, the Church and Hospital  
of the Holy Gholt, the Palace of the Prince and  
Bishop of Czestow, the Monastery of the Barefooted  
Friars, and thirteen other Palaces,

L O N D O N.

Daily Advertiser, Sept. 22. Sir, as I was on a  
Journey in the County of Suffolk, and sitting at  
the Door of an Inn in Buddle, a Girl past by me,  
with two Wooden Legs; immediately as soon as  
she was gone by, the Landlord began to tell me  
the Manner of her becoming lame; which he said  
was about a Year and a half ago; by having her  
Legs hampered by being frozen, and several Surgeons  
called to consult, they thought it necessary to

cut them off, for fear of Mortification; but there  
being a Surgeon of great Skill in the Town, whose  
Opinion they desired to have, and he being absent,  
they resolved to wait his Return; who, when he  
came, declared it as his Opinion, that one, if not

both her Legs might be saved, therefore advised  
them to stay till the Morrow before they ventured

to proceed to the Amputation: They followed his  
Advice, and went away; but the Father of the  
Girl, being either desirous, or fearful of the Mor-  
tification ensuing, the same Night chopped off both

his Daughter's Legs with a Hatchet. The Odd-  
ness of this Fact, which you may rely on as a

Truth, is what has determined me to communicate  
it to the World by the Means of your Paper.  
An Extract of a Letter from an intelligent Person at  
Paris, dated October 1.

"As to the Affairs of the Parliaments, of  
which, Sir, you desire me to acquaint you with  
the Situation, if I was only to tell you what is  
publicly said of them, the Bounds of my Letter  
would presently be limited by a Sir, your humble  
Servant. The Truth is, whether you believe it or  
not, that these Affairs are no more talked of here  
than what passes in the Kingdom of Bantam. Peo-  
ple have been forbidden to discourse about them  
for six or eight Months past; and the Ministry are  
every Day sending to the Baillié, or to the Castle  
of Vincennes (the former being too full) those who  
presume to criticise upon the Conduct of the Court:  
So that whenever any Body is desirous of knowing  
what passes between the Court and our Parliament,  
or that of Rouen, they go to the Coffee houses,  
and read the Gazettes of Amsterdam and Utrecht.  
Methinks I now see you laugh at all this, and look  
upon it as Invention; but I assure you it is nothing  
but Truth. What can we say or do? That which

has passed seems to be the Praelude to a Revolution  
in our Country. Richlieu did in his Day clip the  
Wings of the French Nobility, who were the  
Right Hand of our Monarchs. At this Time  
Count de Arge—a and the Chancellor have seem-  
ingly agreed to abolish our Parliaments, especially  
that of Paris, the principal Pillar of the Throne of  
our King, whom they appear desirous of subjecting  
to the Will of the Clergy; these two Gentlemen

are the Organs of the Jesuits, who do not appear at  
all upon the Scene; but who, under the Theatre,  
set all the Springs to Work. The King is a good  
Man, he loves Hunting and his Dutches; these  
are his Pleasures, these his most serious Employ-  
men's. 'Tis a Question whether he has read the

bare Titles of the Remonstrances of our Parlia-  
ment, and those of Rouen. He would certainly  
have been excessively tired with reading a single  
Page of them. His Majesty's Chancellor, in three  
or four Minutes, acquaints him with the Purport of

them, giving them at the same Time what Turn he  
thinks proper; the good Prince believes him, and  
asks him what must be done: His Minister has the  
Answer ready. Well, says the King, prepare  
Letters Patent. The Chancellor obeys. Do you  
think the King bears them read? No such Thing!  
he figos them, and de Arge—n countersigns  
them; and thus every Thing passes in the Name of

the King and Council, and one knows as much of  
the Matter as the other. But what will be the End  
of all this? People will grow weary of the Subject,  
as may already be perceived by one's hearing no  
more Talk in this City of the Refusal of Sacra-  
ments; and why? because no Body demands them.  
People now die contented without Confession and

the Viaticum. Our Archibishop, the chief Fire  
brand, keeps quiet. The Comptroller-General  
leaves the Clergy in Peace, being amused with a  
Scheme of a Lottery for raising 60 Millions, pro-  
jected by an Israelite, but who is not thought an  
Israelite indeed: It being a Scheme which was by  
no Means relished in Holland, he therefore came to  
offer it here, where he knew Money was wanting:

for you are to know that the Revenues of the Crown  
for the Years 1753 and 1754, have been expended  
above six Months ago; so that those who imagined

that this large Sum is raised for the Execution of  
some warlike Project, are very much mistaken:  
Expect, in a short Time, to see a superb Piece of

Eloquence appear, addrested, as well to foreign Po-  
liticians as to the Public in France, which is to  
serve as the Preamble to the Plan of the Lottery;  
therein will be displayed the finest Rhetoric, to

prevent the People of France from thinking that  
this large Sum is raised on Account of the bad  
Condition of the Finances, and Foreigners from

suspecting that the Ministry were preparing to  
strike some grand Stroke out of the Kingdom: But  
if fine Speeches only be sufficient to lull a People

asleep, who, after the Example of the Turks, kiss  
the Bow-string destined to strangle them, it is not  
likely that foreign Politicians, who are not cramp-  
ped in their Judgments by a *De par le Roi*, will  
open their Eyes on purpose to receive the Dust  
with which our Gallic Eloquence endeavours to  
blind them. In short, the Strangeness, or rather  
the Extravagance of this Project, at present so  
much attracts the Attention of our Badou's, that  
they do not so much as think about the Vintage  
in Champagne and Burgundy, which at this Sea-  
son used to be their principal Topic."

October 20. Friday 7 Night a Man who lately  
was Cock at a Tavern near the Change, an a sud-  
den went mad at an Ale house in Scalding-alley in  
the Poultry. When he was first taken he jump'd  
about and barked like a Dog: He was, with some  
Difficulty, got to his Lodging, where he contine'd  
raving and foaming at the Mouth till 11 a Clock  
at Night, and then expired in the greatest Agonies.

On Sunday the 7th Instant, about Ten a Clock  
at Night, as Thomas Penderton, and one Sim-  
monds, both Porters, were passing through Sampson  
Fields, adjoining to Worcester, they met a Soldier  
in Company with a loose Woman, and jeering him  
upon the Occasion, he drew his Broad Sword, and  
after slightly wounding Simmonds, who thereupon  
ran away, he fell upon Penderton, gave him several  
desperate Wounds on the Head, almost cut off  
one of his Arms, and shockingly mangled one of  
his Legs, in which Condition the poor Fellow was  
found dead the next Morning. But the barbarous  
Murderer is not yet discover'd, nor the Woman  
that was with him.

An English Gentleman, who is just arrived from  
Germany, reports, that he had the Honour to dine  
with a Person of great Distinction in one of the  
Electorates, among some others, of different Na-  
tions; when the Topic of Discourse fell chiefly  
on the English Parliament's naturalizing the Jews,  
and it happened that an English Jew was in Com-  
pany, which was not known till a Day or two af-  
terwards; when the Gentleman who gave the En-  
tertainment was obliged by the Magistrates to do  
Penance publicly, for entertaining a Jew.

Monday a poor Woman came to an Ale house,  
in St. Martin's Lane, and asked for a Glass of  
Gin, when a Man said he would give her a Quart  
if she would drink it, to which she agreed,  
and drank three Quarters running, and going out  
a little after drop down dead in the Street.

October 23. Some Days ago as a Gentleman's  
Footman was driving a single Horse Chaise from  
Swingly Lodge through Windsor Forest, he over-  
took a handsome well dress'd Woman going to  
Windsor, whom he complimented with a Seat in  
the Chaise to carry her there, which she accepted;  
and getting in, after some Civilities had passed, she  
desired that she might drive, which being agreed  
to, she, either by Design or Accident, struck his  
Hat off with the Whip, which he getting out to  
take up, she drove away with the Chaise to Old  
Windsor, and left him behind; and going to the  
Five Bells, the People not being up, she endeavoured  
to swim over the Thames; but there being no  
Landing Place for the Horse on the opposite  
Side, she attempted to return, but they were drove  
down by the Stream to an Ait, where she endeavoured  
to Land. The People at the Bells being  
got up, sent off a Punt to save her and the Horse;  
the first of which they effected when she was fall  
as high as her Neck, but the Gentleman's Horse,  
which was a very good one, was drowned. This  
Lady appears to be the Wife of one of the Do-  
mestics of a Person of great Distinction, addicted  
to Frolics, whom the Husband, it is said, had  
rather have lost than pay for the Horse.

Oxford, Sept. 3. On Saturday last the Sentence  
given against John Billingsgate at the last Assizes,  
for the several Offences of Scandal, Abuse, Swearing,  
etc. was put in Execution on a Scaffold erected be-  
fore the Town-Hall, by severing his Tongue from  
the Roof of his Mouth. He was attended to the