in Queen Anne's County
fing himself a Memoer
and capable of teaching 2
Arithmetic, and good
Visitors of said School,
couragement'as the Law
ill support them in.

n Hright, Reg.

ERY,

THREE HUNDR D PISa TOWN CLOCK, ng the DOCK, in As-

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		- 5
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f a Pistole each, amount from which deduct 300, p pay off the Prizes, 2000

on the 10th Day of July full, in the Court House, nee of at least three of the of the Adventurers as shall decontinue Drawing. "til

be published in the Marythe Drawing is compleatmay know the Fate of

Ito the Portunite as soon is and all Prizes not defirer Drawing, to be deem, or the above Purpoies, ited, are Benjamin Tasker, iter Dulany, and Edward under Hamilton, Mellicurs Jacques, William Reywolds, Paralle Tomes Mocrobbis.

nder stamites, Memeurs acques, William Republes, Bordley, James Maccubbis, is Green, who have given bath for the faithful Dif-

lucted, as near as may be no State Lotteries in Eng-

ny of the Managers.

n Charles-fireet; re of a moderate cek after for Con-

THE

VZRDVIDACE VZDSEED

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, June 28, 1753.

HAT the Continuing or Dropping the Inspection Law is of the greatest Consequence to Maryland that can well happen, none, I suppose, will deny; and, that my Mire may not be wanting, towards putting so interesting a Subject in a clear Light, I will endeavour to state the Advantages and Disadvantages in so very plain a Manner, that they may be clearly understood by every Body; and I don't know any Way of doing this so effectually, as by shewing in Numbers, the great Saving to the People, in the Payment of their public Dues and Fees.

The Public Levy, as fettled by the Lower House the last Session, payable in	TOBACCO.		
This Levy cannot be paid till after the Expiration of the prefent Law, and if it	2444027		1.16 (1) 1 . 1.1 . () 2
There are 47834 Taxables in the Province, whose 30 per Poll, if paid in In-		3055033	611006
If paid in Uninfpected Tobacco, comes to	1505030	1912360	407360
Suppose the Chancellor's, Secretary's, and Commissary's Fees, to amount to	3943057		0 7- 41
250000 yearly; if paid in Inspected Tobacco, will come to	187500		
If in Uninspected Tobacco, The County Levy, as affessed in November, 1752, in Anne Arundel, Calvert, St. Mary's, Baltimore, Prince George's, Frederick, Kent, Dorobester, and		250000	62500
Worcester, payable in Inspected Tobacco,	189343		(
In Charles, Somerfet, and Talbot, in 1750; the Levy Bills for 51 and 52 not being return'd from these Counties,	353370		
Cæcil wanting.	1469834	1837292	367458
14 County Clerkships, computed at 30000 each, Suppose the Lawyers Fees to amount to as much, Saved in the Sheriffs Commissions on the Public and County Levy 4 per Cent, Allowed for convenient Pay 10 per Cent upon the whole,	420000 4 300 00		

If the Chancellor's, Secretary's, Commissary's, and Clerks Fees, should be calculated to more than they amount to, which may possibly be the Case, as the Amount of them can only be guessed at, it is to be observed that there are considerable Deductions in the Land Office, Sheriffs, and (I believe) Surveyors Fees; which tis supposed will amply make up for the Excess in the others, if there be any. Upon this Calculation there is a Saving to the People in one Year only 2315562 Weight of Tobacco, which comes to 2315 Hogsheads of 1000 Nett each Hogshead, which at 51. Sterling per Hogshead is 115651.

It is no small Advantage to the Planter who buys Necessaries, to carry his Crop in his Pocket, to what Store he pleases, where there can be no Disputes about falle Tare, or falle Packing.

These are but some of the Advantages; to which may be added, that by a Continuance of the Inspection-Law; our Staple will be upon an Equality with that of our Neighbours of Virginia; whereas, were we to drop it, the Consequence would be, that we should be reduced to the same melancholy Condition we were in before we had one. The principal Disadvantage I have heard of, has been the Charge of Inspection. If this be too great, as perhaps it may be, it is easily remedied; and it ought to be considered that a great Part

of this Expence is borne by those who purchase Transfer Tobacco, or those to whom it is paid.

It has been alleged by some (as I have heard), that People, who used to falle pack Tobacco, or impose Trash, instead of interchantable Tobacco, upon their Creditors, have not under the Inspection-Law, an Opportunity of continuing the same wicked Practices; to put an End to which, was one very great End of the Law. Some others allege, that sometimes People had an Opportunity of selling their Trash publicly and fairly, and that it would be hard to deprive them of that Advantage; to which I answer, that that hardly every happen'd but when there was a great Scarcity; and in plentiful Section, that for every Penny that was got that Way by some Individuals, was more than threstold lost to the Community; as the carrying Trash in any considerable Quantity to foreign Markets (and thither it must be carried), must infallibly depreciate the Value of all the good Tobacco, carried from the same Country; besides bringing the Commodity under a lasting Disreputation abroad, than which, nothing can be of worse Consequence, and therefore ought, by all Means, to be prevented.

Lam a successful will will be properly of Maryland, A. Z.