Nathan Wright, Reg.

N up about the 20th of r last, in the Bay, at Cove-Point, of Patuxent River, a Schooner of imensions; viz. about 30 Feet by the Bram, and 5 and a half in the been raised two Feet, has a sheath. which has been painted red, her prit carried off close by the Board, and Rigging entirely gone. There oard her one small Chest, in which lack Cloth Breeches, an old Ruffled coarse Yarn Stockings, a new Pair, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a fome small Lumber; there was alne Lopping Axe, one broken Cut-one small Iron Spit, a Barrel, and fome wocden Bowls, and a small

on preving his Property, paying the Charge of this Advertisement, gain, by applying to

John Clare.

REAS Mr. Jonathan der, of London, Merchant, is possesighth Part of the Patuxent Ironing advanced in Years, and defirous Bifiness, is willing to dispose of it. n inclinable to purchase may know applying to

William Lux, of Baltimore, Attorney in Fact to Mr Forward.

Sold by the faid Lux, a P, that will carry 18 Hogsheads of and an excellent a Sailmaker, who has four Years to terflands his Business very well, hathe King's Yards.

## be SOLD,

hundred and eighty-fees of Land, called Peol's Delight, crick County, near the main Road, above Frederick Town, whereon it d, and some other small Improveit Part of the Land will make choice ands with good Springs, and is well aming and raising Stock. indisputable, and for Terms apply Samuel Middleton.

## O BE SOLD,

following Tracks of Land, Charles County, formerly the Pronnes; viz.

light, containing 300

thin half a Mile of Port Tetacco. er Point, at Nanjemoy, containing

aining 200 Acres, at the Fording awanan, as you go from Piscatawas

aining 30 dventure 37

Acres.

last lie on the Head of Wiccoccnice; ight and Title to several Trasts not d, which belonged to the Wynns: Terms, apply to

David Ross.

Orrice in Charles-Areet, SEMENTS of a moderate per Week after for Con-

## MARTLAND GAZETI

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

## THURSDAY, March 29, 1753.

From the LADIES MAGAZINE, for last November. On the present reigning fashionable Vice of keeping MISTRESSES.

HE Man who engages in a dishonourable Commerce with Profitutes, preferable to a virtuous Wife, will find himself (the Crime apart) mista-ken nineteen Times in twenty; in vain must he expect that she who has been false to her own Honour will be true to him, or that she will not (as she has not only a separate, but an opposite Interest to his), take all the Advantage of his Fondness to feather her own Nest, and most commonly to keep an unknown Gallant: But be she ever so true, all his Pleasures must be by estalth; and if he has any Children, he can neither enjoy the Pleasure of them, nor own them; and where his Estate is entail'd, has it not in his Power to provide for them. The only Pretence for so mon-throus a Conduct (for the Expence of a Mistress is always greater than that of a Wife) is, that they can shake them off whenever they please, which daily Experience proves to be falle, and too many of them take Care to get a Settlement equal to a Jointure before they surrender to their Defires.

But how extremely happy on the contrary is that happy Union of the two Sexes, which was first or-dained by the All wise Creator, when he declared it was not fit for Man to be alone; secure in Innocence, and the challe Embraces of a virtuous Woman, who has no Points to carry, no Interests to ferve, but what conduce to their mutual Happiness; who heightens every Joy of Prosperity, and alleviates every Missortune our Natures are supject to; whose every Care tends to render Life easy and comfortable. and comfortable, to improve his Fortune, and give his Children such Education as may render them the Bleffing of his Youth, and the Comfort and Support of his old Age; and if any miss of so much Happiness (as some undoubtedly do), it is owing Happiness (as some undoubtedly do), it is owing to their setting out wrong, to their marrying for the Sake of a Fortune, without any Regard to either the Age, the Temper or Situation of Life of the Party with whom they engage. If the Affection is mutual, and every Thing duly weighed before they engage; if no Desects and Vices (which were concealed during the Courtship) break out afterwards, there is no describing the exalted Pleasure that attends that happy Condition, the wifest of Men having declared, that the Price of a virtuous Woman is above Rubies.

CADIZ, November 14.

SEVERAL Vessels have failed within these
three Days from the West Indies. There is nothing determined in relation to the Departure of the Galleons It is generally thought they will not put to Sea for some Time, the King having just granted Permission for sending eight Register Ships to America; these, however, will not fail before next June. It is no longer a Doubt that the Squadron, which sailed about two Months ago from Carthagena, was bound to the West Indies, to put a Stop to the contraband Trade on the Coast of the

Petersburg, Nov. 17. Letters from Astracan advise, that Prince Heraclius, who had been so often mentioned on Occasion of the Troubles in Perfis, hath gained a compleat Victory over Schach Doub, and obliged him to fly, with the broken Remains of his Army, towards the Frontiers of the Grand Mogul's Dominions. We wait for the Particular of the Part

ticulars of this Event.

Bruffels, Dec. 10. Last Friday a Fellow was executed here for a Robbery on the Highway, who as soon as the Rope was put about his Neck, threw himself off the Ladder. A Surgeon's Apprentice soon after stept up the Ladder, and cut him down, in order to carry off the Body to be diffected. The himself off the Ladder. A Surgeon's Apprentice foon after stept up the Ladder, and cut him down, in order to carry off the Body to be disselfed. The Students of Louvain ran up to the Gibbet with the students of Louvain ran up to the Gibbet with the same Design; this occasioned a smart Battle, in Cook, of Evesham, in Great Britain, being indict.

which the Surgeons prevailed, and brought away the Body to their Apartments. On taking the Cord from his Neck, they observed the Man to breathe, and bled him; and after pouring a little Wine down his Throat, he was carried to the Hospital, where he is still alive. On Saturday Night he opened his Eyes, and began to speak pretty distinctly. The Thing is the more remarkable, as the Man was so broke by the Torture, that he could scarce walk to the Place of Execution.

LONDON.

St. James's, Nov. 22. This Day the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, waited on his Majesty, to congratulate him on his safe Return; and being introduced to his Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Graston, Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Houshold, Richard Adams, Esq; the Recorder, made their Compliments in the following Address.

Address.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

MIDST the general for of the Nation for your Majesty's sase and happy Return to your British Dominions, be pleased to accept the sincere Congratulations of your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of your City of London, in Common Council as sembled.

Permit us at the same Time, Royal Sir, to repeat the just and grateful Sense we have of your Maje-sty's paternal Care over your People, and of the many Favours by which your Majesty hath gracicusty dis-

tinguished your City of London.
May the divine Providence long preserve your Majesty to reign over these Kingdoms; and may there never be wanting a Succession of Princes in your Royal House, formed by your great Example, to continue the Blessing of civil and religious Freedom to latest Posterity.
To which Address his Majesty was pleased to

return this most gracious Answer.

To which Address his Majesty was pleased to return this most gracious Answer.

I THANK you, for this very dutiful, and affectionate Address. The Support and Improvement of the Trade and Commerce of my People, is so effential to the Welfare and Prosperity of my Kingdoms, that the City of London may always defend upon my particular Attention to it; and upon the Continuance of my Favour, and Protedion.

BOSTON.

Jan. 29. On the 2tst Instant, being Sabbath Evening, there happened a pretty odd Adventure at the North End of this Town, which is thus related: The (Mock) Rev. Samuel Hyde (a Taylor) having got together a Number of weak People of both Sexes, was exercising his Gifts among them in a lower Room, and in the Midst of a pathetic Exhortation that they would take Care they stood upon a good Foundation (meaning, we charitably suppose, their Faith) the Floor gave way, and the whole Congregation sell into the Cellar, except the Teacher, and three or four more who stood about him. Upon this uncommon Accident, the People below made a most hideous Outery, supposing that some had been killed, and others forely wounded; but, to the Surprize of themselves, and such as below made a most hideous Outery, supposing that some had been killed, and others forely wounded; but, to the Surprize of themselves, and such as came to their Assistance, they found little or no Damage done, saving what usually happens to weak People, upon a very sudden Surprize. What that was, the Readers are at Liberty to guess.—This Mr. Hyde has some small Claim to the Title of Reverend, having been some Time ago ordained Reverend, having been some Time ago ordained in the Country, by the samous Lawyer and Exhorter Paine, after several Days Struggle, which made him (Paine) complain, that Brother Hyde was very hard to ordain

ed for challenging Thomas Pellat, of Croydon, in Great Britain, to fight a Duel, and the faid-Pellat being indicted for accepting the Challenge, feverally pleaded guilty, and were each of them fenten-ced to be carried to the Gallows with the Rope about their Necks for the Space of one Hour, and then to be committed to Jail, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of 12 Months, and at the Berivaine theory.

out Bail or Mainprize for the Space of 12 Months, and at the Expiration thereof, to find Sureties for their good Behaviour for 12 Months more.

Feb. 12. Yesterday, about 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, this Town was alarmed, and the public Worship greatly interrupted, by the Cry of Fire, in two different Places at or near the same Time, occasion'd by the Chimneys catching Fire, and the Sparks falling on the Roofs of the Houses; but by timely Assistance, the Fires were extinguish'd without much Damage. It is to be lamented, that after so many Warnings, there should be so little Care ter so many Warnings, there should be so little Care taken by the Multitude of People, to keep their Chimneys clean: For the there may be Cause e-nough for their Complaint, that the Chimney Sweepers are not under a good Regulation, and that they demand too much for their Service; yet we cannot think that a sufficient Plea for their Neg-lect, in an Affair of so much Importance to the

Feb. 19. Last Tuesday between 10 and 11 o' Clock some wicked and evil minded Persons attempted to set on Fire a Dwelling House in this Town, near Wind Mill Point, by putting two Fire Brands to an empty Hogshead which stood close by the back Part of the said House; but as soon as it blazed, the Light was discovered by the People blazed, the Light was discovered by the People within the House, and the Fire presently extinguish'd.

Last Tuesday Night we had a very severe Storm of Wind, accompanied with Snow and Rain, and the Wind being out, and the Tides exceeding high, the Wind being out, and the Tides exceeding high, incredible Damage was done to the Shipping and Wharffs, and especially the latter, scarcely any one but has suffered very much, and several of them carried clear away. Large Quantities of Cord Wood, Boards, Shingles, &c. were washed off the Wharffs and lost, and several thousands of Pounds worth of Salt destroyed in Cellars and Warehouses. wnarms and loft, and feveral thousands of Pounds worth of Salt destroyed in Cellars and Warehouses, besides other Merchandize. A Schooner bound for the West Indies, drove from her Anchors in the Narrows, far up among the Rocks on Gallop's Island, where she lies in a bad Condition, having lost her Rudder, &c. and had 4 Feet Water in her Hold. They have also suffered considerable Da-Hold. They have also suffered considerable Damage in their Wharsfs and Warehouses at Charlestown; and we have Advice from the Eastward, as far as Piscatsqua, that great Damage has been done in all the maritime Towns, particularly at Newbury, where, besides other Losse, three new Vef-

bury, where, behides other Lones, three new verfels were floated or thrown off the Stocks.

N E W-Y O R K.

Fib. 12. Last Monday arrived here Capt. Quereau, of this Port, in a Snow, in about 7 Weeks
from the Bay of Honduras, by whom we have the
following particular Account of their Transactions
in that Place: That for some Time after his Arrivel there, the Spaniards were pretty quiet, and in that Place: That for some Time after his Arrival there, the Spaniards were pretty quiet, and continued so, until the 4th of December O. S. when Capt. Quereau, with Capt. Sweet, for Rhode-Island, and Capt. Albuoy, of this Port; for Jamaica (who we fince hear is arrived), were coming out, they were surprized by seeing two Spanish Brigs, one of sixteen, and the other of twelve Guns, with upwards of 150 Men, each, from Campeachy, and had they proceeded, they must in the Offing, and had they proceeded, they must all have unavoidably been taken; but they put about, and came that Night to an Anchor at Water-Key; in a Day or two after, the others finding a forwardle Opportunity, made the help of their favourable Opportunity, made the best of their Way; but Capt. Quereau having sprung a Leak, was obliged to discharge the greatest Part of his Cargo, which detained him eight or ten Days long-Cargo, which detailed this regard of them re-er; and having fent out Scouts, one of them re-tered with an Account that he faw the two Brigs,