ETY of European and dia GOODS, at reasonable Rates, oney, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, north Credit, the Subscriber intending don: Therefore all Persons indebted quested to make speedy Payment; or ome and fettle Accounts, and give r Ballances; otherwise they may exwith Trouble.

James Dick.

Subscriber being determir London this Summer, defires all are indebted to him, immediately ir respective Accounts, to prevent

Daniel Wolstenbolme.

T IMPORTED,

Russell, Capt. White, from Lon-to be Sold by the Subscriber, at tu

RGE Affortment of Euand East India GOODS: Also, oth English and Russia of all Soru; half a hundred to fix hundred Weight; Cables of all Sizes; Ship Chandley, both by Wholefale and Retale, at oft Rates, for ready Money, Bills of old, Silver, or Tobacco.

Stephen Weft.

formable to LAW,

E is hereby given, That s at the Plantation of Mr. Nathanal Patassico, in Anne Arundel Courty, Stray, a middle siz'd blueish Horie, e near Shoulder with a Heart, has a and Tail, a natural Pacer, and find

r may have him again, on proving and paying Charges.

Subscriber intending for x this Summer, requests al! Persons nim to come and make Payment, c: / counts by Note, or Bond: And these y just Demands against him, are defi-and receive Payment of the same.

Fames Wardrop.

February 19, 1752. HARLES CARROLL having Street-Way, from the Head of Ninopposite to the Market House in Annapolis, from the End of Charle Vater Side, through his Lots, to Date treet, for the reasonable Convenience well as his own, by the Name of

REEN-STREET; ive Notice, that the said Carroll hath convenient Lots, fronting on beth Green Street, some fronting on that treet, or the Cove, and others from of Gloucester Street and said Great onveniently fituated for good Air and Building or carrying on any Trace which Lots he will fell, or leafe at le Rates, for Lives or any Term c

is inclinable to buy or lease, may aparroll, at his House in Annapolis, and

C. Carroll.

Office in Charles-street; isements of a moderate g per Week after for Con-

## MARTLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, June 11, 1752.

LONDON, March 21.

AST Saturday in the Afternoon the Affizes ended at Chelmsford, for the County of Effex, when eleven Prisoners received Sentence of Death; among which were John Swan and Elizabeth Jeffryes, of Walthamflow: Miss Jeffryes swooned away several Times when she was at the Bar, in order to receive Sentence, and begg'd for Time to

order to receive Sentence, and begg'd for Time to prepare herself for a future State; when the Judge inform'd her, that sufficient Time would be allow'd, provided she made a proper Use of it. Swan is to be hung in Chains on the Forest near the End, of the Place where Mr. Jeffyzes lived.—Miss Jeffyzes was carried from the Goal to the Court, and back, in a Mourning Coach.

There is something extremely Shocking in the whole Story of Mr. Jeffyzes and his Niece, and it is impessible to resect upon it, without shuddering at the dreadful Consequence of an early Imitation of Vice. According to Miss Jeffyzes's Consession, her Uncle, who ought to have been the Guarcian of the Innocence, was the first who seduced her, and, by incestious Commerce, so vitiated her Mind, that it is no Wonder it became capable of any Impression: By a long Habit of the most monstrous Incontinence, she, doubtless shook off all moral Principles; having no Education to polish her Manners, and give her a delicate Taste, she sink to the Conversation of low People, from whom nothing can be learned to correct the Appetitics or renne the Passions. Providence seems which nothing can be learned to correct the Appetites, or renne the Paffions. Providence feems remarkably to have interposed in the Punishment of this Man, by making him fall by the Hands of her he first ruined in her moral Character, and, by an Attachment to another Woman, intended to ruin a fecond Time, by leaving her exposed to Want and Beggary.—Miss Jefryer's Guilt can indeed admit of little Palliation, no more than the Conduct of her Uncle can admit of Excuse; but the Fate of both must necessarily strike a respecting Mind with a solemn Kind of Horror, which cis posed it to contemplate the Guilt of Incontinence with Dread, in all it's Tram of unavoidable Mi-

The Confession of ELIZABETH JEFFRYES, con-cerning the Murder of her Uncle JOSEPH JEF-FRYES.

"I Elizabeth Jeffryer, do freely and voluntari-"ly confess, that I first entitled and persuaded John "Swan and Thomas Matthews, to undertake and perpetrate the Murder of my deceased Uncle; which they both confented to do the first Opportunity: That, on the 3d Day of July, 1751, myself and John Savan (Matthews, to my Knowlege, not being in the House), agreed to kill my said Uncle; and accordingly, after the Maid was gone to Bed, I went into John Savan's Room, and called him, and we went down to-"Room, and called him, and we went down together into the Kitchen; and having affilted
"Swam in putting fome Pewter and other Thirgs,
into a Sack, I said I could do no more: And
then I went up into my Room; and afterwards
"Swam came up, as I believe, and went into my
"Uncless Room, and shot him; which done, he
came to my Door, and rapped. Accordingly I
want out in my Shift, and John Swan opened
the Street Door, and let me out: That done,
I alarmed the Neighbourhood. And I do solemnly declare, that I do not know that any
Person was concerned in the Murder of my de-Person was concerned in the Murder of my deceased Uncle, but myself and John Sawan; for that Matthews did not come to my Uncle's House the Day before, or Night in which the Murder was committed, as I know of."

LYONS, March 5.

ed to his Liking, and divided between them all he had, upon an Agreement that he should pass the Winter with the one, and the Summer with the other. Before the End of the first Year, he found sufficient Grounds to conclude, that he was not a very acceptable Gueil to either; of which, however, he took no Notice, but hired a handsome Louging, in which he resided for a sew Weeks. He then applied himself to a Friend, and told him He then applied himself to a Friend, and told him the Truth of the Matter, desired him to give him two hundred Livres, and to lend him fifty thousand in ready Money for a few Hours. His Friend very readily complied with his Request. The next Day the old Man made a grand Entertainment, to which his Daughters, and their Husbands, were invited. Just as the Dinner was over, his Friend came in a great Hurry, told him of an urexpected Demand upon him, and desired to know if he could lend him fifty thousand Livres. The old Man told him, without any Emotion, that twice as much was at his Service if he had wanted it; and going into the next Room brought him the and going into the next Room brought him the Money. After this he was rot suffered to stay any longer in his Lodging; his Daughters were jealous if he remained but a Day more at one House than the other; and after three or four Years spert in this Manner, he died last Morth; when upon examining his Cabinet, instead of Riches, there was found a Note, in which were these Words; He subs has suffered by his Virtue, has a Right to awail himself of the Vices of those by subsmite suffered; and a Father ought never to be so fond of his Children, as to forget what is due to himself.

LONDON.

January 9. The Marriage of the Marquis del Puerto, Ambassador from Spain, and his Son, Minister from the same Crown to the Court of Denmark, with two Daughters of the Baron de Reifchach at the Hague, has given Occasion to the following enigmatical Corundrum: My Father is Father of my Father: My Father is Brother of my Sifter: My Mother is Daughter of my Mother: My Mother is Sister of my Brother: My Wife is Daughter of her Sister: I am the Son of her Brother, and she is Great Aunt of my Children. All this is true without any Body being guilty of In-

January 31. A Person having lately made some Proposals to the Lords of the Admiralty for making Sea Water fresh and good, at a small Expence, so as to be useful on board of Ships, a Quantity of the Water was on Monday last, by their Lordships Defire, sent to the College of Physicians, who were of Opinion, that the faid Water was good and wholesome, and might be of great Use to the Public. Sixteen Gallons of Sea Water will, with about half a Bushel of Coals, produce thirteen

Gallons of fresh Water. February 7. Letters from Italy mention a very extraordinary Instance of unnatural Cruelty committed lately at Vilafranca. A young Man of a good Family made his Addresses to a young Woman of confiderable Fortune, and, without Diffi. culty, prevail'd upon his Father to make over his Estate to him, in order to facilitate the Marriage. After it was conc'uded, he ferbad the old Gentle man his House, and resused him any Kind of As-sistance. His Wise, however, reliev'd her Father in Law as far as it was in her Power; which eomirg to the Husband's Knowlege, he pretended to go out of Town, but return'd and caught his Father at Dinner; who retiring quickly into another Room, this furious Monster drew a Pikol, and shot his Wife through the Head; for which he is to be broke alive upon the Wheel.

March 14. According to the Accounts from aris, they feem to be as much infested with Rogues as we are, 500 of them having formed themselves into a Gang, which is headed by a desperate Vil-lain called Roquelaure, and almost every Night N Affair has lately broke out here which is into a Gang, which is headed by a desperate Villain called Roquelaure, and almost every Night commit some Robberies and Murders: Twenty of

a Couple of handsome Daughtere, whom he marri- them have lately been taken and committed to Prifon, by which they are in Hopes to discover their

Accomplices.

March 21. By private Letters from India, by the Dragon, there is Advice, that Mr. Clive, a Volunteer, had the Command given him to head a Company to attack Arcourt, a Place which was in Post Man of the French, whom he drove from in Possession of the French, whom he drove from thence, secured the Place, and found a great deal of Treasure; and it is said, the French went to attack Surat, which Place it is feared will foun be taken. (These Bickerings at a Ditance, are certain Prognostics of a general War.

His Majesty's most gracious SPEECH to both Houses of Parliament, on Thursday the Twentyfixth Day of March, 1752. My Lords and Gentlemen,

Cannot put an End to this Stiffion of Parliament, without returning you my hearty Thanks for the great Application and Dispatch, with when you have gone through the Public Business. You have not only shewn your just Satisfaction in the Measures I have purinted in Foreign Affairs, but have also given me your Support in carrying them on with that Zeal and Chearfulnels, which I had Reason to expect from so dut sul and affectionate a Parliament; who are entirely convinced, that those Measures are calculated to maintain their own effectial Interests, and to render the preferst General Peace durable and lasting.

The many Laws now passed will, I hope, attain the good Ends interest by them. Nothing that

depends upon me shall be wanting to make them effectual; and particularly to execute, in a right Manner, the Provisions made for civilizing, and reducing into Order, such Parts of the United Kingdom, where the Wart of Knowlege, Im-provement, and due Obedience to the Laws, had remarkably furnified Opportunities to fiduce the People from their Loyalty.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

My particular Thanks are due to you for the

Supplies which you have so readily granted me. Your Care to support the Reduction of the National Interest, and to put great Part of the Debt into a Method more convenient for the Creditors, as well as for the Public, is a fresh Instance of your Attention to that Important Concern.

My Lords and Gentlemen, Nothing in this World can give me fo much Pleasure, as to see you a flourishing and happy People. Exert yourselves in your several Stations to do your Parts; and you may depend on my unwearied Endeavours to secure this great Eleffing to Oarselves, and transmit it to Posterity.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by his Majesty's Com-

mand, said;
My Lords and Gentlemen,

T is his Mojesty's Royal Will and P'easure, That
this Parliament be proregued to Thurstay the
Fourth Day of June next, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thursday the Fourth Day of June next.

March 26. By the Dragon, lately arrived from the East Indics, we have the Account of an Engagement between Capt. John Pinson, late in the Hon. East India Company's Service, and Angria the Pyrate, which lasted nine Hours, in which Action Capt. Pinson behaved with great Bravery and Resolution, by which he saved his Suip and Cargo, to' attacked by five Grabs and fix Gallicts at one Time.

Two Hundred Thousand Pieces of Eight have already been faved out of the Spanish Register Stip, lately lost near Cadiz; and the rest, it is expecte, will be saved. All the Officers and Passengers that were on board the faid Ship, except the Boatswain, were loft.

March 28. The Augusta East-Indiaman is lately arrived at Nantz from Pondicherry very richly