Jobn Senbouse.

lis, April 9.

Subscriber intending by of the earliest Ships for Landon, requests who have any Demands on him to bring recounts, and they shall be paid: And re indebted to him, are desired to settle, give Security, which will prevent Trougard oblige. Their bumble Servant,

William Lock Weems.

Attendance will be given duly on Wed.

Saturdays, at my Store and Dwelling that Purpole.

W. L. W.

Publishing all the Laws is Province now in Force, in one comto, being a Work agreed on by every such wanted and very necessary, is now be done with all possible Care and In Case they should not be revised by thing General Assembly, the Printer gas to send Proposas for Subscriptions County in the Province (except this ere he lives) to be locged with the ereks; and if a sufficient Number of can be found to defray the Expence, on the least doubted, the Work will but very quickly, and finished as soon as it an accurate and correct Table As it is uncertain how many Sheets, in desme Folio and good Letter, it will exact Price cannot yet be ascertain'd; biscribers shall have the Whole, neatly Letter'd on the Back, at Three Pence, to pay Twenty Shillings in Part of subscribing, and the Remainder at yof the Book. If Thirty Subscribers unty shall offer, it will be gone about, and the Books ready to deliver to the next Year. In this Work it is proport the Titles only of all such Laws as ed and Obsolete, as well as some ed and Obsolete, and the Whole divided into and Sections: In doing which, the best

February 19, 1752.

CHARLES CARROLL having a Street Way, from the Head of Nick, opposite to the Market House in f Annapolis, from the End of Charib Water Side, through his Lots, to Dalt Street, for the reasonable Convenience well as his own, by the Name of GREEN-STREET;

ogive Notice, that the said Carroll hath

dvice will be had.

or give Notice, that the said Carroll hath y convenient Lots, fronting on both d Green Street, some fronting on that Street, or the Cove, and others stronticke of Gloucester Street and said Green of conveniently situated for good Air and and Building or carrying on any Trade; which Lots he will sell, or lease at able Rates, for Lives or any Term of

fons inclinable to buy or lease, may ap-Carroll, at his House in Annapolis, and er.

C. Carroll.

Office in Charles-fireet; TISEMENTS of a moderate ng per Week after for ConContaining the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 21, 1752.

On the Faithfulness of DOGS.

MONGST the Animal Part of the Creation, there is none generally looked upon or treated with so much Contempt as Dogs; and yet, we find recorded in different Ages, and from various Countries, such remarkable Instances of their Loyalty and Faithfulness to their Masters, as to cause them to celebrate their Memories in a particular Manner. We find the Story of Tobit's Dog recorded in Scripture: Some we find are distinguished by affording them a particular Burying place, and others honoured with Epitaphs, or Inscriptions, to remember their former Services.

I remember, Mr. Pope, in a Letter to one of his Friends, speaking of a favourite Dog of his own, introduces the great Regard several great Men have had for their faithful, and favourite Ones; and in particular, he mentions that samous Story of Uly (is Dog Argus, in the following Lines.

"When wise Ulysses, from his native Coast,
"Long kept by Wars, and long by Tempests tost;
"Arriv'd at last, poor, old, disguis'd, alone,
"To all his Friends, and e'en his Queen unknown:
"Chang'd as he was, with Age, and Toils and
Cares,

"Furrow'd his rev'rend Face, and white his Hairs.
"In his own Palace forc'd to ask his Bread;
"Scorn'd by those Slaves, his former Bounty sed:
"Forgot of all his own domestic Crew,
"The faithful Dog alone, his rightful Master knew,
"Unfed, unhous'd, neglected on the Clay,
"Like an old Servant, now cashier'd he lay,

"Touch'd with Refentment of ungrateful Man,
And longing to behold his antient Lord again.

Him when he faw,—he rofe, and crawl'd to meet,

('Twas all he cou'd) and fawn'd, and kisi'd his

" Seiz'd with dumb Joy,—then falling by his Side,
" Own'd his returning Lord, look'd up, and dy'd!

Upon reading the foregoing, the following Story occur'd to my Memory; which, befide giving us an Example of Fidelity, in one of that Species of Animals just mentioned, does at the fame Time, lead us, to wonder at, and pity the Blindness of those poor People, who are led by Ignorance into so much Stupidity, as to degrade themselves below the Beasts that perish.

A Gentleman that liv'd in a Town, near the famous City of Saint Ildephons, in the Province of Casile, and Kingdom of Old Spain, having had his Life preserved by Means of a faithful House-Dog; in Gratitude to his old Servant (when he died), order'd him to be buried in a neighbouring Field; and as a surther Acknowlegement, and to keep in Remembrance his singular Deliverance; caus'd a large monumental Stone to be put over him, with these Letters inscribed thereon, A. Y. P. A. Near to this Place was a Well of samous Water, which was free for all the Inhabitants of the Town; for which Reason, it was especially frequented by the poorest Sort: It happened, that one Day a Peasant going there to draw Water, and observing a Corner of the Stone, took the Pains to gratify his Curiosity, by moving away the Rubbish, and over grown Weeds, and thereby discover'd the Form of it: But endeavouring to remove the Stone, he sound it too heavy for him to execute; and observing the Letters engraven on it, he imagined it signified something more than ordinary; whereupon, at his Return home, he acquainted some of his Neighbours of the Discovery, who agreed to go with him to the Place, and give their Opinion; which accordingly they did; but notwithstanding their various Conjectures, relating to what might be the Signification of the four Letters, they would not determine without the Opinion of the Vicar of the Parish, (who in course was effecen'd a learned Man.) The Rev. Priest embrages, the Occasion, but chooses to take with him a Companion of the same Crast, who

(though inferior in Dignity) was as learned as him-felf: They came to the Spot of Ground that was to be the Subject, by which these two great Men were to prove themselves so learnedly; but it was some Time before they gave any Sign of it, 'til at last, they both agreed that some Saint had undoubt-edly been buried there, and in size, the Vicar gave edly been buried there, and in fine, the Vicar gave Proof of his being the Learnedest of the two, and fays to his Companion; " Brother! I have found it out; don't you remember to have heard talk of Father Anthony, the Hermit, whose Life and Miracles are published by a samous Author of the Order of Saint Francis?" "I well remember (fays the Priest) to have read of him, and by the same Account, his Hermitage stood somewhere hereabout, and this certainly, must have been his Burial place": Why right, (says the Vicar), for observe the Letters correspond to the Description given of the Description may upon "Vicar), for observe the Letters correspond to the Description given of the Inscription put upon the Inscription put upon this Tomb Stone, and they are only these four; "A. Y. P. A. and must fignify no other, than these Words: Aqui Yace Padre Antonio: Here list Father Anthony." Upon which great and learned Discovery, they returned home to consult of the Matter; which ended in a Resolution, to acquaint the Bishop of the Diocese of the whole Affair; which they accordingly did, and the Re-Affair; which they accordingly did, and the Report of a new discovered Saint, soon spread over the whole Province; upon which, the poor People (particularly, those who lived near the Place), repaired there to pay their Devotion to the Saint; and many of them that used to fetch of the Water of the Well, immediately remember'd what Faof the Well, immediately remember'd what Favours they had formerly received, by the Miracles wrought upon them in drinking the Water, which they now justly acknowleged, to proceed from the Saint's being buried near the Well; and therefore, as Tokens of Acknowlegement for the same, they carried, one, a Representation of a Leg, for having had his Leg healed by Means of said Water; another of an Eve, and a third of a Hand or Arm. another of an Eye, and a third of a Hand or Arm, all imitated in fine white Wax, adorned with fine Ribbons, to hang up near the Saint's Tomb. At last came an Answer from the Bishop, with Orders to the Vicar, to inclose the said Burial place, and erect a Chapel to say Mass in, but not remove any Thing, 'til he should visit the Place himself: The Vicar punctually complies with the Bishop's Orders, and the Bishop is the Place himself. Orders; and the Bishop, in the mean While, makes great Application to his Holiness at Rome, to forward Dispatches for the Canonization of the Saint; and in order thereto, the Bishop went himself, and had fome of the Bones dug up, which were carried in a solemn Procession to the High (or Parsh) Church, to be deposited there: Some were sent to Rome, and others sold at a vast Price as extraordinary Relicks. But whilst they were thus builly employ'd in raising great Sums by the new Saint's Bones, and laying Schemes for raifing more; a very unfortunate Accident happened from more; a very unfortunate Accident happened from an old Inhabitant of the Town, who being one Day present where the Vicar, and some other great Don, were discoursing on this extraordinary Discovery; very bluntly says, "Gentlemen! perhaps there may be some Mistake about this "Affair; for I remember well, when I was a Boy, to have heard my Father, and some of his Neighbours in Conversation, talk about one Senior Don Alonzo Perera of this Town, who being one Night assaulted by some Villains near his own House, had certainly been murdered his own House, had certainly been murdered had not his Dog come to his Assistance, and released him from their cruel Designs; for which kind Office, when the Dog died, his Master had him buried in that very same (Prada) or) Meadow; and, I remember to hear them if fay further, that it was near the Well of good Water; and more particularly, I remember to the water, and more particularly, I remember to the have heard mention made of a Stone put over "him with some Letters, fignifying the Dog's "Name and Interment, inscribed thereon." He likewise added, that they discoursed relating to the Will of the aforesaid Don Alonzo Perera; and that

he left a certain Sum, to be paid yearly out of his Estate to the Sexton of the Parish for keeping the said Place of Interment in Repair: All which she told them if they were dubious of) they might find recorded (doubtless) in the Archieves of the Town. The Vicar, with the Chief of the Town, went to the Office directly, and after a little Examination, sound what the old Gentleman or Don had told them to be Fast; and the Inscription thereon recorded, of the sour Letters, to signify; Aqui Yace Pobre Adenis; or, Here Lies Poor Adonis, which was the Name of the saithful Dog, whose Sepulchre they mistook for that of Father Anthorn's; and by which unlucky Accident, the Pope, the Bishop, and the Vicar, lost a good Revenue, and the poor People an idle Day in the Year; which, otherwise, they would have had in going to pay their Devotion to the new Saint.

This Story is related by Father Feije, in the 16th Vol. in Quarto, of his samous Works, entituled, El Theatro Critico; or, The Critical Theatro

This Story is related by Father Feije, in the 16th Vol. in Quarto, of his famous Works, entituled, El Theatro Critico; or, The Critical Theatre; published in the Year 1749, for which his Book was kept some Months in the Inquisition; but as the Story was so notorio-sly known, they thought it bell not to detain the Book any longer.

These Books are, (or are about to be) translated into Engliss; wherein the foregoing Story must appear, if the Author has not consented to let the Inquisition blot it out.

GIBRALTAR, Jan. 14.

HE Officers and Sailors of the Dutch Frigate and Merchantman, lately cast away on the Coast of Barbary, to the Number of 134, were carried into Tetuan in a Sort of Triumpa by an infinite Number of People, who accompanied them to the Prison, which was a deep and dark Dungeon in the Lower Ditch, into which they went down by a Ladder. The Captain was obliged to remain on Horseback, amidst the Shouting of the Populace, till all his People were gone down into this dreadful Prison, where they likewise forced him to go. After he had been there some Hours, the English Consul brought the Governor's Order, for him and his Officers to be conducted to a Prison something less inksome than the Dungeon, where the under Officers and Sailors still continue, and are obliged in the Day time to work at the Fortifications. The Christians established at Tetuan charitably supply the Prisoners with Provisions, or they would perish with Hunger.

Genoa, Jan. 22. The Master of a Dutch Ship just arrived from Toulon reports, that Orders had been received there from Court, to assemble the Sailors who are to man the Ships which are upon

Genea, Jan. 22. The Master of a Dutch Ship just arrived from Toulon reports, that Orders had been receiv'd there from Court, to affemble the Sailors who are to man the Ships which are upon the Stocks in that Port, and which were very soon to be launched. They write from Leghorn, that the two Hamburgh Ships which carried the Presents sent by the Magistracy of that City to the Dey of Algiers, and Members of the Divan, were safely arrived at that Port.

fafely arrived at that Port.

Turin, Jan. 26. The Advancement of Commerce in the King's Dominions is the principal Subject of the Conferences held at Court, and Measures are taking to establish Silk Manufactories at Novaro, Valentin, Assi, and Alexandric

Measures are taking to establish Silk Manusattories at Novaro, Valentin, Asti, and Alexandria.

Vienna, Jan. 15. The Envoy Extraordinary from the States General, being lately at Court, to congratulate her Imperial Majesty upon her Recovery from her late Indisposition, had a long Discourse with her Imperial Majesty, wherein the told him, "That she had heard with infinite Satisfastion, that the Administration of her Royal Highness the Princess Governante entirely answered the Expessation of the good Patriots, by the wise Maxims which that Princess had adopted for the Rule of her Coodust in the Government; and that as the good Understanding, Union, and Considence, between the United Provinces and the antient Allies of the Republic, could not fail of being strengthened upon such Principles, she should be always earnestly