## SPECIAL NOTICES.

VACCINE POINTS 15c. EACH, 10 FOR \$1.00. VACCINE QUILLS 25c. each, 5 for \$1.00. Fresh and pure from the State Vaccine Farm, at Chambersburg, Pa. For sale by J. W. DREW, Apothecary cor 9th st. and Pa. ave. n. w. jan12-38

GRAND LODGE, F. A. A. M. OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—The Stated Communication of the Grand Lodge F. A. A. M. of the District of Columbia will be held at Masonic Temple on WEDNESDAY, January 14, at 6 o'clock By order of the M. W. Grand Master. By order of the M. W. Grand Master. Jan 12-2t W. R. SINGLETON, Grand Sec.

SERIAL SAVINGS AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—The recular meeting of the
Serial will be held WEDNESDAY, 14th instant.
The few shares remaining in the 4th series may be
subscribed for at the meeting, No. 615 7th st.,
opposite Patent Office 7 p.m. Shares \$1 each.
JAMES S. EDWARDS, President.
JNO. A. PRESCOTT, Bereiary and Treasurer.
jan12-2t

## BOLLINGER CHAMPAGNE. EXTRA QUALITY DRY. BOLLINGER CHAMPAGNE. Extra Quality Dry.

THE MOST DELICIOUS DRY WINE IN THE MARKET.

THOMAS BUSSELL. 1213 PENNA. AVENUE.

BOVINE VACCINE VIRUS, from the New England Vaccine Co.; 10 points \$1 (doubly charged); wingle voints 20c.; Solid Lymph Cone, 3. W.S. THOMPSON, 703 15th st.n.w. jan3-2w NOTICE.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO. OF D.C., No. 636 Louisiana avenue,
WASHINGTON, January 2, 1880.

The annual meeting of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the District of Columbia will be held on the third MONDAY of January, 1889, the 19th instant, at Odd Fellows' Hall, 7th st., between D and E sts. n.w., commencing at 9 o'clock a.m.

By the charter of the company the election of seven managers to constitute a board to conduct the affairs of the company is required to be held at the above meeting.

By the 6th article of the by-laws of the company it is provided: "At the annual meeting of the company the first business in order shall be the appointment of a chairman, who shall conduct the meeting and electian in accordance with the act of incorporation, between the hours of 9 o'clock a.m. and 6 p.m."

All policy-holders are requested punctually to at-

All policy-holders are requested punctually to at-

British government has issued orders which went into effect on the ist instant, under which sheep from the United States may be landed in Ireland without quarantine and without being elaughtered at the place of landing ire Insurance Company. jan3-14t J. WESLEY BOTELER, Secretary. Senate by Senator Saulsbury, providing that all telegraph messages shall be deemed private papers of the senders, and shall be protected from unreasonable search and selzure, and from

NATIONAL METROPOLITAN BANK, 4!
WASHINGTON, D. C., DEC. 29, 1879.
The annual election for Directors of this Bank
will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY,
13th January, 1880. Polls will be open from 11
o'clock a.m. to 1 o'clock p.m.
dec29-jan5, 12 GFO. H. B. WHITE, Cashier.

INVESTMENTS.—Bonds and Stocks
bought and sold. New York Stock Exchanges and other cities
STOCKS CARRIED ON MARGIN.
Foreign Coins dealt in, and Foreign and Domestic
Exchange.
H. D. COOKE, Jr., & CO.,
del6-1m Bankers, 1429 F st., Washington, D. C.

SPECIAL NOTICE. CONGRESS WATER.

Its superiority as a cathartic and alterative consists in its entire freedom from everything bitter, acid or crude that produces headache, internal soreness, and tends to destroy the mucous membrane. All mineral waters that are dangerous instantional. All mineral waters that are dangerous irritants may be known by an acid after-taste. dec8-3m

SPECIAL NOTICE—A fresh surely of PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OII at DREW'S Drug Store, corner 9th st. and Pennsylvania avc., at 50 cts. per full pint bottle.

BEDFORD WATER,
BLUE LICK WATER,
BETHESDA WATER, DEEP ROCK WATER,
AND GAYSER SARATOGA WATER,
A fresh supply of the above natural waters.
For sale on draught in all quantities. ILBURN'S PHARMACY, 1429 PENNSYLWANIA AVENUE.

## AMUSEMENTS.

THEATER COMIQUE.

MONDAY, Jan. 12, nightly, and MATINEES.
Engasement of the great LEONZO BROTHERS and
their wonderful acting dog, TIGER. in their own
drama, entitled RUPFRT'S DOG. The Great Irish
Four, Williams, Edwards, Miles and Daily. 3 Milo
Brothers. 3. Al. W. Filson, Neil Snith and his
Trained Dogs, Professor Steen and Mile Addie. 112 TORD'S.

OUR CANDIDATE RICHMOND OUR CANDIDATE AND VON BOYLE. COMEDY COMPANY. HENRY G. RICHMOND

HON. JOS. GRIMWIG. VON BOYLE

AS OUR CANDIDATE THE CHINAMAN.

MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

in its entirety. NATIONAL THEATER. Sothern. MONDAY, JANUARY 12, ONE WEEK.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MATTNEES.
Only appearance this season in Washington of the
Celebrated Comedian, Mr.
SOTHERN,

AND HIS
COMPANY OF COMEDIANS.

Monday and Tuesday Evenings and Saturday
Matinee.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.

Grand Family Matinee on Wednesday at 2.

Wednesday and Thursday Evenings.
DAVID GARRICK

AN ALARMING SACRIFICE.

FRIDAY EVENING, FAREWELL BENEFIT,

Dundreary's Brother

SAM

AND DUNDREARY MARRIED AND SETTLED)

Saturday Evening, Last Auterrance,

THE CRUSHED TRAGEDIAN.

Monday, January 19-LOTTA. GEO. JUENEMANN'S MOUNT VERNON LAGER BEER BREWERY

AND PLEASURE GARDEN. BETWEEN 4TH AND 5TH AND E AND F STR. N. J ar 29 Washington, D. C.

MARKHTER'S

FREE ART GALLERY AND STORE,
No. 636 E Street.

Choice Oil Painting, Engravings, Chromos, &c.
Also, largest stock of Paper Hangings, Window
Shades, Pictures, Frames, Picture Cords and Tassels, Rings, Nails, &c., in the District.

FY TERMS CASH.

FY Please remember Name and Number. 423-5m

\$10,000 STWELRY SILVER WARE,

COST For next 30 days, To Reduce Stock.

For Cash only.

I. P. LIBBEY,

439 7th st, WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK

STOCK AGENCY. Exclusive and direct Telegraph Wires between Agency in Washington and New York offices. resentatives Frye and Lindsey are the only Maine Congressmen who have returned to H. H. DODGE, A. G. WOOD, Washington since the holiday recess, the others still remaining at Augusta to witness the legislation proceedings.

No. 1, Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C., AGENTS FOR

PRINCE & WHITELY. STOCE BROKERS, 64 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

J. D. PRINCE, JAS. WHITELY General Pariners. W. B. TRAVERS, Special.

Every class of Securities Bought and Sold on Commission in San Francisco, Philadelphia, New York and Washington. Orders in COTTON executed.

is understood that he will at no distant day, this season, deliver one of the lectures of "Toner Course," under the auspices of the Smithsonian Institution, his subject to be The Sanitary Improvement of Washington. ... Mr. Algernon Sartois, son-in-law of Gen. Grant, arrived in New York from England yesterday. ... Senator and Mrs. Hamlin are at Willards. ... Senator J. D. Cameron, Representative Luttrell and Judge Jere. S. Black, were registered in Philadelphia last evening. ... A reception which brought together many persons prominent the art, literature, science, society and politics, was given to Col. J. W. Forney by Mr. John Austin Stevens, editor of the Magazine of American History, in New York, on Saturday evening. The occasion of the entertainment was the establishing of a branch editorial and publication office of Col. Forney's Progress in New York. THIS IS THE BURGLAR'S SEASON. MATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY. 16th street and New York avenue. Asia stress and New North Stress and Stress and Damp Proof Vaults from \$5 to \$60 a year. Government Bonds on deposit for \$1 per \$1,000. Also, receives Silverware in trunks for moderate rate. Hoard of Managers—Win. Stokney, president; Geo. W. Riggs, vice president; B.P. Snyder, secretary; A.L. Sturtevant, treasurer; Henry Ay Wilard, John Cassels, Thos. Evans.

The second second

THE EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip.

erue, \$661,156,58; customs, \$412,709.79.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO-DAY.—Internal rev-

PROTEST AGAINST A PATENT FOR EDISON.-Mr.

Sawyer has protested before the Patent Office

against Edison being granted a patent for his

against Edison being granted a patent for his horseshoe lamp, claiming a first patent for the Sawyer-Man electric lamp. This protest's all right, but can have no effect. Before granting a patent to any one a thorough examination is made to discover it any infringement upon others' invention has been made by the p.tenters. If there has been an infringement no patent is issued. No more thorough examination of Edison's lamp will be made now than if Mr. Sawyer had not filed a protest.

AFTER THE APACHES.-Advices have been re-

ceived at the Wardepartment that the renegade

Apache Indians recently followed across the border into Mexico by Gon. Morrow have returned, and the Mexican authorities requested permission to add in the pursuit of the Indians on the American side, which was granted by the Secretary of War.

PENSION INVESTIGATION.—A resolution was introduced in the House to-day to provide for a special committee of seven members to exam-

ine into the method of the payment of pensions and back pay, and to recommend legislation which will correct what is now alleged to be the

irregularities, delay, and abuse of the present

system. 3 p. m.—The resolution was adopted by yeas,

185; nays, 56. The special committee will be announced to-morrow.

NAVAL ORDERS .- Commanders B. B. Tayloe

and Henry De H. Manley to special duty at Washington. Lieutenant Commader P. F. Harrington to duty at the Naval Academy. Pay Inspector Richard Washington to hold himself in readiness for duty as fleet paymaster of the Asiatic station.

ON BEING RELIEVED from duty at the military

academy First Lieut. Alexander Rogers, 4th cavelry, will report to his regimental head-quarters for assignment to duty.

AMERICAN SHEEP IN IRELAND .- The Treasury department is in receipt of information that the

TO PROTECT TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES. - The Western Union Telegraph Company has pre-

pared a bill to be presented in the United States

production as evidence in individual and legis-lative proceedings to the same extent as letters sent by mail. The United States Supreme Court

has decided that letters and sealed packages in the mails are as fully guarded from inspection, except as to outward form and weight, as if they

were retained by the parties forwarding them to

THE ANNUAL REPORT of the national board of health, containing an account of operations

during the past year, has just been completed.

during the past year, has just been completed, and will be transmitted to Congress through the Secretary of the Treasury. The expenditures of the board from the date of its organization to Dec. 31, 1879, were \$154,002.42. Estimates for defraying the future expenses of the board are submitted as follows: From January 1 to June 30, 1880, \$294,330. From July 1, 1880, to June 30, 1881, \$292,060. It is also advised that an appropriation of about \$100,000 be made to hold in reserve for the emergency of the occurrence of such an epidemic as that of 1879, and to be used solely for the purpose of inland quarantine in

solely for the purpose of inland quarantine in case of such an outbreak

THE CENSUS SUPERVISORS.—The Secretary of

formation of supervisors' districts prepared by

the superintendent of the census. Maryland is apportioned into three districts, as follows: First

apportioned into three districts, as follows: First district. Baltimore country; second district, Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Harford, Kent. Queen Anne, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico and Worcester counties; third district, Alleghany, Anne Arundel, Calvert, Carrol, Charles, Frederick, Garrett, Howard, Montgomery, Prince George's, St Mary's and Washington counties. The list of supervisors will be considered in the Cabinet meeting to-morrow and probably sent to the Senate Wcdnesday.

ARRIVAL OF OURAY AND PARTY .- Ouray and

the rest of the Ute delegation arrived in the

city yesterday morning, and were taken under

city yesterday morning, and were taken under guard to the Tremont House, where they will remain during their stay here. To-day they were furnished with store clothes. At the hotel the Indians are guarded, and no one is allowed to approach them. The newspaper folks are headed off at every turn. It seems to be feared that the reporters will steal an Indian or two, as they are not even allowed a glimpse of their red brethren. The interview of Secretary Schurz with them will be secret, as stated in Saturday's STAR. The Secretary expects to do more with them than was accomplished in the west by negotiations. The party of Indians consists of Ouray and Mrs. Ouray, Chipeta, Jocknick, Sieblo and Augustine, of the Uncompagure Utes; Jack, Sowawick and Unca Sam, of the White River Utes, and Toppaganta and Alhanda, of the Southern Utes; W. H. Berry, interpreter; Otto Mears, of Colorado, and Mr. Kelly, of Chicago, ex-Indian agent at Los Pinos,

by, of Chicago, ex-Indian agent at Los Pinos, accompany them.

Ouray was at the Interior Department to-day,

and held a long preliminary conference with Secretary Schurz. The Indians, as a body, will not be examined probably for a day or two. The conference with Ouray was secret. The con-ference with the Indians will be a continuation

of the work of the Ute commission. Gen. Adams

GEN. BRADY, second assistant postmaster

general, appeared before the special committee

of the House committee on appropriations at

their meeting this morning, and submitted his reply to the letter of the committee asking for information. The document has been printed and makes a pamphlet of eighty-six pages.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY CORKHILL'S NOMINATION

CONFIRMED.—In executive session this afternoon the Senate confirmed the nomination of Colonel George B. Corkhill to be United States attorney in the District of Columbia.

A DEMOCRATIC CONFERENCE.—The democratic

members of the Senate and House Committees

on Appropriations held a secret conference to-

on appropriations need a secret conference to-day and talked over the business of the session. No formal action was taken, but all the mem-bers expressed themselves in favor of getting the regular appropriation bills through as rap-idly as possible, and in favor of keeping public expenditures down to the lowest figure practi-cable. The question of equaliting the pay of

cable. The question of equalizing the pay of Senate and House employes was also discussed but no decision reached. The House Commit-tee on Appropriations has heretofore insisted

that it has the right to regulate the pay of em-ployes of both Houses and to cut the Senate em-ployes down to the figures paid by the House. The Senate has resisted this, and will, no doubt,

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE INVESTIGATION.

The House committee on agriculture will hold a

meeting on Wednesday, at which action will be

taken on Gen. Le Fevre's resolution to investi-gate the Department of Agriculture. A major-ity of the committee favor the proposed investi-

BACK FROM MAINE.—Senator Hamlin and Rep-

PERSONAL.-Col. George W. Waring, the distinguished sanitary engineer, is in the city. It

is understood that he will at no distant day,

continue to do so, in spite of conferences.

arrived in the city day.

laughtered at the place of landing.





WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, JANUARY 12, 1880. V<sup>ol.</sup>. 55-N<sup>o</sup>. 8.352.

Lotteries in the Mails. REPORT OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.

The Postmaster General transmitted to the House of Representatives to-day a report in response to the House resolution of December 16, 1879, requiring him to furnish such information as the records of the Post Office department might contain respecting the extent to which lottery companies or agents make use of the mails for the conduct and circulation of their correspondence, and the extent to which the mails are used in reply. The report is very voluminous. Although the resolution calls for information regarding lottery schemes only, the Post Office department have taken it for granted that Congress desired information in relation to the use of the mails by the agents and origination of other regardinant schemes, and have inators of other fraudulent schemes, and have in-cluded in the report an outline of the various

cluded in the report an outline of the various methods employed to obtain money through the mails, together with particular cases illustrating these methods.

There are six different classes of schemes referred to in the report, of which the lottery companies, organized or proposing to have been organized by the state authority is first considered. On this head the Postmaster General says: "Orders have been issued in pursuance of the statutes during the last four months against various parties operating in Louisville, Covington, Newport and Frankfort, Kentucky, under what they claim to be 'grants' for certrin purton, Newport and Frankfort, Kentucky, under what they claim to be 'grants' for certrin purposes by the state of Kentucky." The report then gives a history of those which claim to be operating under an act of the Kentucky legislature, of 1839, and says: This contract, it is claimed, has, by various assignments, come into the hands of Simmmons and Dickinson, of New York, and Murray, France & Co., of St. Louis, the latter the managers of the lottery. In the advertisements and circulars of this lottery, printed or circulated through the mails, the public are informed that "holders of prizes are secured by ample bonds, deposited with the state by the lottery managers. In a letter Nov. 1,1879, secured by ample bonds, deposited with the state by the lottery managers. In a letter Nov. 7,1878, the state treasurer says that neither the Kentucky state nor any other lottery has ever made such deposits with him. The attention of the House is called to the opinion of Hon. John Rodman, attorney general of Kentucky, in response to a resolution of the state senate, in which he holds that the various lotteries chartered at different times under state grants have long since raised all the money authorized by their charters, and that those now in operation are carried on in violetion of law. The case against the Commonwealth Distribution Company rests upon the same kind of evidence as that upon which the order against the Kentucky State Lottery was issued. The corporation claims to act under the Frankfort grant. issued. The cor Frankfort grant.

Frankfort grant.

Among the lottery companies which have used or now use the mails extensively, mention is made of the Wyoming Lottery and Cheyenne Lottery companies, the Grand Distribution Company of Victoria, Canada, and the New Bruns. Wick Grand Gift Soiree, of St. Stephens, New Brunswick, "operated by one J. M. Potter, one of the most persistent, ingenious and ub'quitous persons using the mails for the purpose of deceiving and defrauding the public by means of gift enterprises, schemes and devices." A number of his enterprises are named. The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, the Louisiana State Lottery, and the Arizona Lottery, have also been subject to investigation by the department. The drawings of the Canadian and the New Brunswick companies taking place and the New Brunswick companies taking place outside of the United States, no action could be taken by the department in the matter of return of registered letters and non-payment of money orders. Orders have been issued, how-ever, to the postmaster at Calais, Me., where the New Brunswick Lottery has an agent, in regard to such letters and orders

New Brunswick Lottery has an agent, in regard to such letters and orders.

The lottery company most extensively using the mails is the Louisiana State Lottery, claiming to operate under a state law of 1563, which is asserted to be recognized by the new state constitution. It is not deemed compatible with public interests to submit now the evidence upon which the Postmaster General acted in this case, there being a suit pending, brought against him by the lottery managels.

The next case mentioned is that of Edgar W. Jones, alias the Union Publishing Comany, alias the Magnetic Watch Company, of Ashland, Mass., and having several other aliases under which he sent through the mails in 1876, 800,000 circulars and advertisements of obscene books, and a "geuine Swies magnetic timekeeper," circulars and advertisements of obscene books, and a "geuine Swies magnetic timekeeper," which was in fe t a brass compas of no value. For months the complaints from parents, teachers, etc., from all parts of the country in regard to the vile document sent by Jones to their children were piling up on the hands of the Postmaster General, until through the exertions of Mr. Antiony Comstock, Jones was indicted and his business broken up.

The next case is that of H. D. 2. Allen alias the National Banking Company, of 79 Nassau street, N. Y. This so-called company flooded the country with flaming circulars, offering to sell what they called bonds on the Havana, Kentucky and Louisiana lotteries at haif the regular rates for tickets, and to add extra prizes to the drawings. A special agent of the department reports that he arrested H. P. P. Allen, otherwise known as the National Banking Company, for violation of the postal law, and pro-

otherwise known as the National Banking Company, for violation of the postal law, and procured his indictment. He states that Allen informed him that he sold tickets or bonds dependent upon certain lottery drawings as to whether prizes were received or not, but said nothing about any banking business. No contest was made by the concern.

The Texas is gnoten of as "concert the roset the roset." son, Texas, is spoken of as "one of the most successful swindles disclosed by the department records." Its receipts were about \$100,000. The report of Special Agent Edgerton on the case, dated St. Louis, September 18, 1875, and published in full in the New York Tribune, is enclosed. "The Denver Land Company" is a title urder which a species of fraud, very common difteen

which a species of fraud, very common fifteen or twenty years ago, but more rare of late years, was successfully perpetrated. The prospectus of the company makes a very brilliant showing of the future prospects of the city of Denver, and offers to send by return mail to any one sending them their name and post office address and one dollar to pay cost of making and acknowledging deed, postage, &c., a clear warrantee deed to a lot 25 feet front by 125 feet deep in North Denver Colorado, clear of all taxes. ranter deed to a lot 25 feet front by 125 feet deep in North Denver, Colorado, clear of all taxes. The name of North Denver carries with it the impression that it is an addition or suburb of the city of Colorado, purposely selected by this swindling company to dupe people into the belief that they are getting property contiguous to Denver, Col. North Denver, the post office officials have learned, is 34 miles northeast of Denver and entirely unimproved. officials have learned, is 34 miles northeast of Denver and entirely unimproved.

S. A. Grant, one of the persons engaged in the swindle, has been indicted by the grand jury of the U.S. court of Rapahoe county, Col., and is now awaiting trial. "The Kansas Land company," doing business at Topeka, Kan., is mentioned as one belonging to the same class as the Denver Land company. This concern advertises to give away "Kansas homes" for \$2 each, but as it was started about the time of the exposure of the Denver Land company's swindle, it was irustrated almost at its inception by the prompt and energetic action of the post office officials.

Various arrests and seizures are detailed in

prompt and energetic action of the post office officials.

Various arrests and selzures are detailed in the case of Max Borger, alias Borger & Co., alias Wachsman & Co., "Bankers," Si Nassau street. New York City. These names were used to cover the sale of tickets in the Royal Havana, the Ducal Brunswick,—Luneburgh—the Free City of Hamburgh, the Louisiana and the Kentucky lotteries, and the Commonwealth Distribution Company. It being proved that no other than lottery business was done by these men, the proper order was issued November 14th, 1879, forbidding the delivery of matter addressed to them and directing the return to senders of registered letters and money orders.

There is another class distinct from the lottery, in that it assumes to conduct its business upon legitimate principles, not depending upon choice, but upon accumulated capital invested under the advice of men of experience, judgment and integrity in the actual purchase of stocks in Wall Street, holding them until a rise, when they are closed out and the profits, less a moderate commission, paid to agent effecting the purchase and sale of stocks, is divided among the persons advancing the money invested. Some of these dealers assumed names, either closely resembling those of reputable dealers, or in some cases identical with them. Among these are Lawrence & Co. and Heath & Co. Mr. Comstock hays: "I am informed that the form of their contract is illegal, and that money lost under it eannot be recovered; that the court of appeals has settled the above in certain cases tried in New York state. I am clear there is no bona fide buying and selling of stock on orders that are received by mail. I am informed that Baxter took 5700,000 of Government bonds with him to Europe This is rumor." Copless of circulars of Baxter & Co., bankers and brokers, (engraving of New York Stock Kxchange, New York stock fixchange, New York, dealers in stock." The above is the title of a pamphlet sent through the mails. A long report of Special Agent Comstock, dated Jan. 3

Lawrence & Co., and other heretofore reported. In conclusion the report says: "I have to say that while desirous of avoiding an unnecessarily lengthy, it has been found difficult to treat the subject matter of the resolution of Congress intelligibly without setting out cases illustrative of the various methods adopted by the diversified classes of persons who seek to obtain money through the mails, by means of lottery and other gambling speculations. I desire to say further that the other duties of my office have allowed me but little time to devote to the preparation of this report, which is in the main the work of A. H. Bissell esq., the very efficient law clerk of this department."

Society Notes. · Every one seemed inspired by the fine weather of Saturday, and even before three o'clock, the hour for the reception at the White House, a crowd had assembled in the vestibule and East Room, and as soon as the doors leading to the Blue Parlor were thrown open the visitors began to congregate there in numbers. Colonel Casey made the introductions to Mrs. Hayes, who presented each person to Judge Harian's wife, who stood next her on the right. Mrs. Ramsay and Senator Randolph's wife also assisted in the reception. The four ladies were kept busy hand-shaking until five o'clock, when they left the parior. Each one of the receiving party was richly and becomingly dressed, Mrs. Hayes wearing a tinted white silk, with draperies brocaded in white. In her hair were natural flowers tastefully arranged. Mrs. Harlan wore a heavy black silk, with gold passementerie trimming; Mrs. Ramsay a delicate cameo silk, full skirt, with a basque of the same shade of embossed velvet. Mrs. Randolph wore brown silk, with brocaded velvet trimmings. She is a Kentuckian, her father, Mr. Coleman, having been for many years an esteemed citizen of Lexington, Ky. gan to congregate there in numbers. Colonel Ington, Ky.
Professor, Mrs. and Miss Baird entertained

Ington, Ky.

Professor, Mrs. and Miss Baird entertained invited guests in their pleasant home on Massachusetts avenue, from 3 to 6 on Saturday afternoon, and many divided the afternoon between this and the White House reception; among the number many ladies and gentlemen of Congressional families, many of the diplomatic corps, and numerous representatives of the scientific men in and out of official life who are now in Washington. When the Director of the Smithsonian is understood to be "at home" to visitors with his family, the guests are sure to include a number of ladies and gentlemen whose busy lives, devoted mainly to intellectual pursuits, give them little time to indulge in the ordinary round of fashionable pleasures.

Among other charming entertainments of Saturday evening was the meeting at the residence of Judge Sanders W. Johnston, on K. street, of the Literary Society, which includes a goodly portion of the fashion as well as much of the culture of Washington. The literary feature of the evering was a consideration of the relative merits of the prose writers and the poets of America, touching which papers were read by Mrs. Chapman Coleman, Mrs. Cary Long, and Col. L. E. Clarke, and remarks were also made by several other members of the society. After Mrs. Chapman Coleman, Mrs. Cary Long, and Col. I. E. Clarke, and remarks were also made by several other members of the society. After the literary exercises the company was charmingly entertained with music by Miss Mary Johnston, daughter of the host, and Miss McGrew, each of whom both surprised and pieased the company by the fresh, rich quality of her voice, not less than by the ease and grace with when the several selections were rendered.

voice, not less than by the ease and grace with which the several selections were rendered. The attendance, which was quite large, included not only nearly the full membership of the society, but a number of distinguished invited guests, and the occasion was one thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

The dinner given by Attorney General Devens, at Wormley's, on Saturdry evening, was attended by the following gentlemen: Chief Justice Waite, who at on the right of the host, and Sir Edward Thornton, who sat on his left; Mr. Bancro.t, Mr. S'dney Bartlett and Mr. Shattuck, of Boston; the French Minister, M. Outrey; Justices Ciliford, Strong, Miller, Harian, Bradley, Sway ne and F.eld; Senators Edmunds, Hoar and Thurman; Assistant Secretary of State Payson, the Solicior General, Mr. Smith, of the Attorney General's office; Mr. L. P. Morton and Mr. Flagg. The dinner was very elegant in all its appointments. The table was handsomely decorated, and the menu very elaborate. Fiagg. The dinner was very elegant in all its appointments. The table was handsomely decorated, and the meny very elaborate.

Mrs. Comptroller Knox gave a musicale at her residence on 10th street, near M. Saturday evening, the attractions of which were keenly appreciated by all who were fortunate enough to be her guests on the occasion. During the evening the company was entertained with a large and choice selection of vocal and instrumental masic, given with remarkable skill and effect by both lady and gentlemen participants. Aside from these, there were a number of persons well-known in society and politics present. The Secretary of the Navy gave a dinner to the gentlemen of the Cabinet on Friday. ....Miss McLean, daughter of Mr. Allan McLean, who is passing the winter at Wormley's, will give a lunch to about fifty young ladies next Saturday at 2 p.m. ...Miss Garcelon, (daughter of the governor of Maine), attended Mrs. Hayes' reception Saturday, with her aunt, Mrs. Frye. ....Mis. Preston Powers, wife of the sculptor, is visiting Senator Morrill's family on Thomas Circle.

SECRETARY SHERMAN Was on the floor of the House to-day.

AMONG THE PRESIDENT'S CALLERS to-day were Senators Teller and McMillan, and Representatives Hiscock, Wilber, Wait, Williams and

DUPES OF A PRETENDED COUNT .- The DUPES OF A PRETENDED COUNT.—The New York Tribune says an adventurer, calling himself Count Maurice de Fez, has been swindling some very respectable persons in that city by promises of marriage and offers of introduction to his titled friends. The young woman who hoped to become a countess sold her furniture, and a confiding friend contributed his dress suit and a fine shirt, and in return was to be introduced to the Count de Kergarion, who has never appeared. The swindler is supposed to have fied to Montreal.

REVOLTING CONDITION OF A PENITENTIARY.—
GOV. Luke P. Blackburn, in his late message to
the legislature of Kentucky, draws a revolting
picture of the condition of the penitentiary of that
state. They have 173 more prisoners than cells.
As a necessity nearly 350 wretched men are immured in cells, which are but three feet nine
and a-half inches wide, six feet three and a-half
inches high and six feet eight inches long.
These cells, dark and ill-ventilated, do not contain sufficient air to support one man, and the
death record gives abundant proof of it. From
the 1st of January last to date 74 have died—a
fearful mortality. The governor recommends
that something be done to vindicate the honor
of the state.

A GOVERNOR RAISES A STORM.—Great indignation is said to prevail at Wilkesbarre, Pa, because Gov. Hoyt has appointed Hon. Stanley Woodward, democrat, judge of the eleventh judicial district in preference to a republican. At Kingston, Gov. Hoyt's late home, the Hoyt Cith for down a transpersory in front of their Club tore down a transparency in front of their club house because it bore the Governor's pic-ture. Hoyt and Woodward are warm personal riends, and the latter supported Hoyt for Gov-

EUROPE IN BRIEF.—Austria and Germany are EUROPE IN BRIEF.—Austria and Germany are going to see about that concentration of Russian troops in Poland. The Paris Republique Francaise says Russia has cast herself upon a path of conquest and chimeras. An increase in the number of French consulates in America is mooted. Pneumonia prevails among the British troops in Afghanistan. A new Spanish loan is proposed. Fighting between Albanians and Montenegrins has been incessant since the 5th instant. Herr Verhovay, a Hungarian journalist, has been mortally wounded in a duel.

A PLUCKY YOUNG LADY.—In New York, Friday evening, Miss Emma Jessup, a prepossessing young lady, on returning to her home met Walter J. McKenna and another young man hurrying down the stairway. She seized McKenna and struggled with him until an officer came up and arrested him. Saturday McKenna, whose right eye was discolored from a blow inwhose right eye was discolored from a blow in-flicted by Miss Jessup, was held in \$1,000 bati. They had been robbing Miss Jessup's apart-ments, and the prisoner had \$195 worth of jewelry belonging to Miss Jessup in his posses-

BURGLARS attempted to enter the Thayer Jew elry Manufacturing Company's building, at Astoria, L. I., Saturday night, but were driven off by the watchman, who fired several shots and wounded one of the burglars. Two shots were fired at the watchman, but without effect

Were fired at the watchman, but without effect

PULITZEE HOLDS THE FORT.—A telegram
from St. Louis, Missouri, January 9th, says
that "The advertised sale of the Post-Dispatch, under a mortgage held by B. M. Chambers, proved a fizzle. The Western Associated
Press issued a new certificate to Pulitzer, the
present holder of the paper, and this rendered
all interest which Chambers might convey,
practically valueless. The sale was, in consequence, postponed indefinitely. Pulitzer mounted the steps of the court house, where the sale
was to have taken place, and displaying his
press certificate to the assembled crowd, vehemently denounced the attempt to dispossess
him."

The Moscow Gazette announces that the Russian police have discovered a depot of revo-lutionary proclamations. FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. Monday, Januay 12.

SENATE.-The Vice President laid before the Senate various communications from the Secretary of War, detailing examinations and sureys made in compliance with the river and varbor act of 1879. Mr. Hamlin presented the memorial of citizens of Maine asking for legislation which will give all rightful claimants upon the Geneva Award fund an immediate and sufficient opportunity to present their claims.

Mr. Paddock introduced a bill to authorize the arrentment of commissioners to ascertain

Mr. Paddock introduced a bill to authorize the appointment of commissioners to ascertain and report losses sustained by citizens of the United States on account of Indian depreda-tions, and to adjust claims arising therefrom.

Referred.
HOUSE.—The Speaker proceeded to call the states for bills and resolutihns, under which call the following were introduced and referred:
By Mr. Ballou. To reduce tax on deposits, subject to payment with persons and associations engaged in banking business.

By Mr. Robinson. In regard to the compensation and expenses of pension agents.

By Mr. F. Wood. To facilitate the refunding of the national debt.

By Mr. Chittenden (by request). For a national stall and prison.

By Mr. Chittenden (by request). For a national jail and prison.

By Mr. Cox. Relative to a monument to Thomas Jefferson.

By Mr. Clymer. Exempting from taxation promisory notes issued for wages.

By Mr. Ryon. For the appointment of official stenographers for U. S. circuit and district courts.

The Fire Commissionership Ques-

Recent articles in the Sunday papers here and in the Washington columns of journals outside in the Washington columns of journals outside of this city on the fire commissionership question contain so many misstatements that it may be as well to briefly give the facts in the case fairly and dispassionately, so that wrong impressions may not be made. On Aug. 7th, 1878, the District Commissioners reorganized the Board of Fire Commissioners by dropping four of the seven members. This they had full power to do under the act of Congress. But among the members so dropped was Mr. Wm. B. Reed, then absent in Europe; and whom the Secretary of the Interior had appointed to represent the federal government on the fire board—such appointment having been made also in conformity with an act of Congress. Upon Mr. Reed's return to the city he claimed that his removal was illegal, he still holding his commission from the Secretary of the Interior. obtained when Mr. Morgan, the former government appointee, left the board. The District Commissioners took the ground that as the law under which Mr. Reed's appointment was made, provided that the appointee should be a resident of the county (i. e. the county of Washington outside the limits of Washington city and Georgetown, as always understood), and as Mr. Reed lived in this city, therefore he was not and never had been legally a member of the Board of Fire Commissioners under his commission from the Secretary of the Interior. In this view they were sustained by the law officer of the District, Mr. Riddle, and on Mr. Reed's taking the case into court the decision was against him, and the District commissioners' construction of Attorney General Devens, to whom the question had been referred by Secretary Schurz. of this city on the fire commissionership questhe question had been referred by Secretary

So the matter rested until the last session of Congress, when there was inserted among the District appropriating \$400 for two fire commissioners, "one of whom shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior," and \$400 for the third fire commissioner as secretary of the board—not fire commissioner as secretary of the board—not "president and secretary," as erroneously published in some of the articles above referred to. Secretary Schurz thereupon appointed Mr. Reed, under this law, as one of the members of the fire board. The District Commissioners refused to recognize Mr. Reed, not solely on the ground that there was no vacancy in the fire board, as erroneously published, but because the clause in question did not repeat the existing law that the government member of the board should be "a resident of the county," and they notified Secretary Schurz that if he made an appointment in conformity with that law they would ment in conformity with that law they would promptly reconstruct the fire board and admit him. This the Secretary would not accede to. In the meantime the District Commissioners had sent to the secretary sworn statements in refer-ence to conduct of Mr. Reed while a fire commisence to conduct of Mr. Reed while a fire commissioner, which they thought unfitted him for reappointment. These statements Mr. Reed denied under oath, and the Secretary sustained him. So the matter stood until just previous to the retirement of Captain Phelps from the District Commissionership, when the papers in the case were submitted to the President. It is understood that the present District Commissioners have stated to the President that while they are satisfied they have acted in the matter in strict accordance with the law and matter in strict accordance with the law and for the best interest of the District, yet they do not desire to set themselves and their opinion against the federal authorities, and will cheer-

fully obey his orders in the premises. That is the present status of the case. It is not worth while to say much about the twaddle concerning the refusal of the Board of twaddle concerning the refusal of the Board of Fire Commissioners to recognize Mr. Reed. What have they got to do with it any way? They are appointed by the District Commissioners to perform certain duties under the law. Their recognition of Mr. Reed will not make him a fire commissioner if he is not one, and he will hardly admit that their refusal to recognize him unmakes him. One of the badly-informed writers on this matter, a correspondent of the New York Times, says: "The act referred to legislates one of the old members out of office, but neither of them care to retire, and the District Commissioners seem afraid to select one out feither of them care to retire, and the district Commissioners seem afraid to select one of them for decapitation." In view of what is stated above, it would seem to be extremely doubtful whether Mr. Reed would be any nearer the realization of his hopes in case one of them did retire. The fact is, that at a very early stage in this controversy the three members of the board, in an interview with the District Commissioners, informed them that the resignation of any one or all of the members of the fire board were at their service whenever near fire board were at their service when

cessary, to relieve them of embarrassment. The District in Congress.

ANOTHER STREET BAILWAY COMPANY. Senator Butler to-day introduced a bill to incorporate the Capitol Hill and Potomac railroad company. The bili proposes to create E.C. Dean, D. W. Middleton, jr., H. E. Paine, H. O. Claughton, Geo. Wm. Ballou, B. F. Grafton, Wm. B. Webb and their associates a body corporate and politic under the name of the Capi-Wm. B. Webb and their associates a body corporate and politic under the name of the Capitol Hill and Potomac railway company, with power to construct and operate either a single or double-track street railway along the following streets:—Beginning at Maryland avenue and 7th st. n.e., (with right to construct a short line on C st. n.e. to connect with main line;) thence on Maryland ave, to B st. n.e. and west to 3d st. n.w., (with right to lay a track on 2d st. n.w. from B st. to Indiana ave., and thence along Indiana ave. to 3d st.;) thence north on 3d st. to Indiana ave. and west to Louisiana ave., south to Market Space; thence west on Market Space to 8th st.; thence north on 8th to D and west along D to 10th, on 10th to G, and thence to 15th st.; north on 15th to I, along I to 18th; south on 18th to F, west on F to 22d, along 22d to G, along G to 18th to connect the lines. The property to be subject to taxation and tracks to be laid in center of streets and avenues; to be constructed in most approved manner, with best material, etc. The capital stock shall be not less than \$100,000 nor more than \$300,000, and be divided into shares of \$50 each. Bonds may be issued, and one per cent. of the net earnings must be reserved as a sinking fund to redeem the bonds. In all other respects the provisions are about the same as are usually enacted to incorporate a street railway company. incorporate a street railway company.

Signed under a misappenersion.

Senator Harris to-day presented a petition from Percy H. Hall and twenty-three other citizens of the District, asking to have their names stricken from a petition recently presented, (noted in The Star at the time), remonstrating agoinst the proposed amendment of the charter of the Capitol, North O street and South Washington Railway Company. Petitioners say they signed under a misapprehinsion. Referred to committee of the District. committee of the District.

Suffrage in the District.

The meeting called for the 23d instant, in the interest of the re-establishment of suffrage in this District, has the countenance of the fewest possible number of citizens of property and influence. It is not necessary to repeat the patent fact that nine-tenths of the best people here are perfectly satisfied with the experience this community has had with universal suffrage, and they want no more of the Eggs. they want no more of it.-[Wash. Cor.

CHOKED TO DEATH AT DINNER .- Captain C. L. Pience, a young lawyer, of Eric, Pa., was choked to death at dinner yesterday while trying to swallow a large mouthful of meat. A bottle of brandy was found in his pocket, and it is supposed he had been drinking.

A RECEPTION was tendered John W. Forney by his triends in New York, Saturday, by way of welcoming him on the establishment in that city of the Proposes, new published in Philadelphia, but which he proposes to publish simultaneously in the two cities.

Telegrams to The Star

LATEST FROM MAINE.

Compromise Talk.

FOREIGN NEWS BY CABLE.

THE SITUATION IN MAINE.

Compromise Talk in Augusta.

Boston, Jan. 12.—The Journal's Augusta special of last night says: But very few of the republican members or claimants left the city today, and to-night it is said that every man except one or two is on hand. Various rumors are afloat as to the movements of each party tomorrow. The question whether the committee on gubernatorial votes will report and whether both branches will attempt to elect a governor to-morrow is freely discussed. The general opinion is that they will not presume to elect a governor as the house is at present constituted. It is rumored that leading fusionists made overtures to-day for a compromise, when they were told that the admission of members-elect of the disfranchised cities and the towns of Farmington and Skowhegan would ensure the full attendance of the republicans. This would add 14 to the 62 republican members. The committee find that 6 persons received votes for governor—Davis, Smith, Garcelon, Bradbury, Chamberlain and Greenleaf. The first four would be the names from which two would have to be chosen to send to the Senate. would have to be chosen to send to the Senate.

Thus, if the house should be republican and the Senate fusion, a fusion governor would be elected. A quorum of certificated members would give the republicans a majority of one. The fusionists will resitate some time before accepting these terms.

ing these terms.

Bloody Work was Contemplated.

The republicans feel greatly relieved that the arms that had been in the state nouse are returned to the state arsenal, in Bangor, and consider it a great move toward a peaceful solution of the difficulty. It is reported, and believed by a large number of persons, that the reason the galleries were not allowed to be occupied on Friday last was that orders had been given to allow certain armed men, concealed in the state library, in case of an attempt on the part of republicans to capture the hall, (as the fusionists feared), to come down by a short cut and enter the south gallery with loaded muskets and command the representative hall. The finding of muskets loaded and cartridge boxes filled shows that bloody work was contemplated. Both parties keep their movements were cloudy to all events the more ng these terms. was contemplated. Both parties keep their movements very cloudy to all except the members and claimants, and especially do they avoid making any disclosures to newspaper correspondents.

nor, there was some acrimonious debate by Messrs. Locke, Barker and Strickland. The joint convention was formed, and in the presence of the secretary of state and several members of the council, Jno. D. Lamson took the oath, and was proclaimed as acting governor of the state of Maine. But 60 members were present in the house, and that body adjourned without the transaction of any business.

of the condition of the populations in the northern provinces of the former kingdom of Naples, where fever is epidemic over large districts. In a population of 62,000 the sick amount to 33,000 persons. The deaths from July to December, 1879, amounted to 3,423.

American Influence in the Pacific. Paris, Jan. 12.—The Nord (Brussels newspaper), discussing German emigration, says:—All doubt whether Germany will ever be in condition to contend with English and American influences in the Pacific. A state confined within the narrow limits of the Baltic, and possessing only two forts on the North sea, cannot balance in those remote regions the influence of Amer

German Distrust of France.

A Grain blockade of prodigious porportions is the feature of the grain trade in Chicago at present. The elevators of the city, which contain an aggregate of 16,000,000 bushels, are very nearly filled to their utmost capacity, and several roads are refusing to receive grain because, when it arrives, there are no accommodations for it. In this condition of affairs the directors of the trade are considering the propriety of accepting as regular the receipts in the elevators and storchouses along the line of the various railroads. It is also in contemplation to provide temporary storage outside elevators. British Occupation of Herat. PARIS, Jan. 12.—The Russian press and various continental special correspondents now pretty freely discuss the probabilities of the British occupation of Herat.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—Yesterday at the Roman Catholic churches, in the diocese of Southwark, a letter from the bishop to the clergy on the subject of the distress in Ireland was read and a fund collected which it is anticipated will reach Atlantic and Great Western R. R.

Murdered in a Quarrel about a Dog. Cincinnati, Jan. 12.—A special dispatch to the Gazette says that while Wm. Milliken and Henry

The Markets.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 12.—Virginia sixes, consols, 50%; do. second series, 27%; do. past due coupons, 74%; do. new ten-forties, 37%. North Carolina sixes, old, 26% bid to-day.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 12.—Cotton quiet—midding, 12%. Flour dull—Howard street and western super, 5.00a5.50; do. extra, 5.75a6.25; do. family, 6.75a7.25; city mills super, 5.00a5.50; do. extra, 5.75a6.25; do. family, 6.75a7.25; city mills super, 5.00a5.50; do. extra, 5.75a6.25; do. family, 7.00a7.75; do. Rio brands, 7.50a7.75; Patapsoo family, 8.25. Wheat, southern nominal in absence of receipts; western dull and lower—southern winter red, spot and January, 1.44%; February, 1.47%1.47%; March, 1.51%21.51%. Corn, southern quiet and active; western dull and lower—southern white, 62a63; do. yellow, 58; western mixed, spot and January, 57%a55%; March, 57%a57%; April, 58a58%; steamer, 56. Oats higher and firm—southern, 68a49½; western white, 48a49; do mixed, 46a47; Pennsylvania, 48a49. Rye dull, 95a97, Hay steady—prime to choice Pennsylvania and Maryland, 17.00a18.00. Provisions quiet and steady—ness pork, 14.00. Bulk meats—loose shoulders, 5; ciear rib sides, 7%a7%, do, packed, 5% and 7% Bacon—shoulders, —; clear rib sider, 8. Manns, 10%a11. Lard—refined, tieroes, 8%. Butter steady—prime to choice western packed, 22a8; roll, 18a38—Eggs dull and nominal, 15a16. Petroleum dull—crude, nominal; refined, 8. Coffee firm—Rio canviguelly, 1.11%a1.12. Freights to Liverpool per sistange dull—cotton, 3-16d.; flour, 18.6d.; grain, 4d. Receipts—flour, 1,233 barrels; wheat, 16,500 bushels; corn, 105,800 bushels; corn, 18.500 bushels; corn, 18.50 ments strong NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Flour dull. Wheat dull. NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Flour dull. Wheat dull. Corn dull.
LONDON, Jan. 12, 12:30 p. m.—Consols, 97 15-16 for both. Atlantic and Great Western first mortgage trustees certificates, 67%. Eric, 44%; do. second coasols, 91%. Reading, 36%.
LONDON, Jan. 12, 2:30 p. m.—U. S. bonds 4 per cents., 1.07; new fives, 196%. Atlantic and Great Western first mortgage trustees certificates, 57%. Eric, 44%; Pennsylvania Central, 53%. Reading, 36%.

about 11 o'clock last night at Poolesville, two miles from this place. The negro, George Peck, a somewhat notorious man who has heretofore been in jail several times, and when a boy had made a similar attempt and narrowly escaped hanging, had been working for Mr. Lemuel L. Beail, the proprietor of the store here for several months past. He was a black negro, 22 years of age, and weighed about 160 pounds. His intended victim is a little girl named Ada Hays, a bright and good looking child eleven years of age, a step daughter of Mr. John Reeves.

TWO CENTS.

LYNCH LAW IN MARYLAND.

Ontrage on a White Girl,

The Guilty Negro Hanged.

Full Particulars of the Afair. [Special Correspondence of the Star.] BRALISVILLE, MONTGOMERY CO., Mp., Jan.

11th, 1880.—This vicinity, 85 miles from Washington, was thrown into a great state of excitement yesterday by a dastardly attempt at outrage by a negro on the person of a 11 year old child, which culminated in his being executed about 11 o'clock last night at Poolesville, two

negro if he attempted to get away. As soon as he saw the officer—Mr.H. Miles—coming toward

HE ATTEMPTED TO ESCAPE.

across the street to make some purchases before going home, taking the prisoner with him and locking the door.

Trains All Running.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Jan. 12.—The broken draw-bridge at Woodbridge, where Tuesday's accident occurred, has been readjusted, and all the

trains are running through to Sea Girt without

of age, a step daughter of Mr. John Recves.

THE CRIME.

Saturday morning the little girl went to do the milking in the cow yard of Mr. Reeves, as was her custom, and the negro was engaged in feeding the stock. She states that when she went to the stable yard Pock came out from behind the straw rick, passed by her and went on into the stable. She commenced milking and thished milking one cow and went to another—one standing near the straw rick—and commenced milking. Just then the negro came up behind her, caught her in his arms and carried her around the straw rick, where he had previously prepared a hole in the straw. She screamed as soon as he caught her, but as soon as he go, her in the straw rick he put his hands over her mouth. Fortunately for the girl Rev. Mr. Amy.

as soon as he caught her, but as soon as he go. her in the straw rick he put his hands over her mouth. Fortunately for the girl kev. Mr. Amy, who lives just across the road from the stable. happened to be out in his yard and heard the girl screaming. He ran immediately to see what was the matter, and came upon the negro before he had accomplished his purpose or had injured the little girl to any extent. Mr. Amy yelled out at the negro to know what he was about and the man ran to the stable. Mr. Amy had a pistol on his person at the time, and says he at first was tempted to shoot the negro on the spot, but upon reflection concluded to let the law handle him. He took the girl to the house and went immediately to the store and told Mr. Beall what had happened. They at once sent to Poolesville for an officer, at the same time keeping a watch on the negro, who seemed to continue at his work about the stable. About ten o'clock the officer arrived and several men were in readiness to assist in capturing the negro if he attempted to get away. As soon as

He ran across a field into some pine woods but 'was surrounded and captured. He was taken to Mr. Beall's store and tied, Rev. Mr. Amy, and the girl both testifying to his fiendish acts.
When he was asked by the officer whether he intended to accomplish his purpose, on this innocent girl, he replied that he would have done it if it had not been for Mr. Amy interfering with him. He was then HAND-CUFFED AND CHAINED, and taken to Peolesville and lodged in the Odd Fellows' Hall, preparatory to taking him to the Rockville jail. It was about 5 o'clock p.m.when he was taken there, and a crowd soon began to congregate around the hall making threats of lynching. The officer would not permit any one to come in, and about 11 o'clock the crowd disappeared from around the hall, and the officer attempted to take his prisoner over to his (the officer's) house, a short distance from Poolesville to guard him all night. After leaving the hall the officer went into Mr. Walter's store just

Accysta, ME., Jan. 12.—On the assembling of the senate this morning, President Lamson sent in a letter announcing that he had assumed the duties of governor. [The letter is the same as that telenraphed last night.] Senator Ellis, of Waldo, was chosen as president pro tempore. The committee on gubernatorial votes reported the following votes were thrown at the election held in September: Whole number of votes 138,807; necessary for a choice 69,404. Daniel F. Davis received 68,700; Joseph L. Smith, 47,649; Alonzo Garcelon, 21,844; Blon Bradbury, 263; Daniel F. David, 200. The remainder are scattering. The constitutional candidates are:—Daniel F. Davis, Joseph L. Smith, Alonzo Garcelon and Bion Bradbury. On the proposition of the senate to hold a joint convention for the purpose of qualifying on the acts of the governor, there was some acrimonious debate by THE PRISONER CAPTURED AND HANGED BY THE MOB.

He had not more than got in before some one rode up in front of the door and fired a pistol shot in the air, and it seemed as if men rushed in from all directions to the spot, with cries of "Lynch him," "Lynch him." as if men rushed in from all directions to the spot, with cries of "Lynch him," "Lynch him," They burst the door open and the crowd rushed into the store, some with masks and some without, and demanded the prisoner. The officer tried to resist them, but he was blindfolded and held by some, while others put the rope around the negro's neck and dragged him out of the store. In the scuffle the stove was knocked over, and came very near setting fire to the store. The crowd dragged the man by his neck across the road from the store, threw him over a post-and-rail fence, then dragged him across a lot to a locust tree, threw the rope across a limb, and all hands drew him up about the feet above the ground and tied the rope to a fence near the tree, and, as soon as they thought he was dead, disappeared. As the crowd left there were several pistol shots fired at the hanging man's body, but they did not strike him. Some went through his clothes and several into the tree. He was left hanging until 10 o'clock sunday morning, when the officer went out and had the body cut down and moved to a stable shed near by, as people were coming to church. The tree the man was hanged on was just in front of the church. A jury was summoned and a verdict rendered "that George Peck came to his death from strangulation by the hands o' parties unknown to the jurors."

It was subsequently ascertained from an examination by a physician that the child was no seriously injured.

Wall Street To-day.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

London, Jan. 12.—A dispatch from Rome to

Wall Street To-day.

New York, Jan. 12.—The Post's financial arts cle says: The week opened at the Stock ex change with the list of the proposed bill for the regulation of railroads in this state and the text of the Wood refunding bill before all concerned in the markets. Government bonds are 1/2 higher to-day except for the 6's of 1890-81 which are lower. Railroad investments of a kinds are strong and higher. The market for speculative shares is strong, and prices are 1/4 5/2 per cent. above Saturday's closing. Chesapeake and Ohio has advanced to 201/2. In the money market the quotation for call loans on miscellaneous stock collateral is 546 per cent. while on U. S. bond collateral the quotation is 445 per cent. Prime mercantile paper is 546 per cent. Currency is gradually returning from the interior.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—A dispatch from Berlin to the *Times* says: Particular attention is now being paid here to the developement of affairs in France. It was hoped that time would remove national antipathies and that warmight be altogether avoided but this hope has been much shaken by recent events in France. The new French, cablingt, and narticularly M de French cabinet and particularly M. de Freycinet, the premier, is mistrusted, the latter being regarded as a creature of M. Gambetta.

Political Troubles in Spain.
LONDON, Jan. 12—A dispatch from Paris to the Times says:—Gen. Martinez Campos is said to intend quitting Spain, an act construed as an expectation of political troubles.

Affairs iu Afghanistau.

London, Jan. 12.—A dispatch from Candabar to the Times says:—The leader of the Herati troops has been decoyed into the city and put to death by Ayoob Khan. No reports have reached here confirming the announcement that Abdul Rahman Khan, the pretender to the Afghan throne, had arrived at Balkah.

£1,000 for Ireland from one Church.

It is understood that Sir Henry Tyler and Sir Charles Young have consented to act as trus-tees of the Atlantic and Great Western railroad company's leased lines rental trust of 1873 in the place of Messrs. Blake and Herring, who

Crane, of Belleville, Ind., were fighting about a dog, on Saturday afternoon, Elwood Milliken came to the assistance of his father, and fatally stabbed Crane. He escaped without arrest.

The Steamship Arragon Safe. New York, Jan. 12.—The steamship Arragon which left Bristol, England, Dec. 19th, and which shortly after her departure was rumored to have been lost, reached here this morning.

THE FIRST BILLIARD MAYOR for the Collender medal and a stake of \$1,000, 600 points up, took place in New York Saturday evening. William Sexton and Jacob Schaeffer being the contest, and Schaeffer was a remarkably fine contest, and Schaeffer was the victor, scoring 600 to Sexton's, 585; winner's average 18 24-32. COL. JOHN F. PHILLIPS, dem., has been elected to Congress for the 7th Missouri district, in place of Hon. A. M. Lay, deceased, over ex-Gov. McClurg, republican and greenback, by 2,500 majority.

HELEN J. WARD, who was arrested in Boston for shooting her mother while in bod, has, been discharged, there being no evidence that it was anything but a case of accidental shooting, . ....

Martin Paquetti, a former tenant of Hon.
C. 8. Barnes, shot and killed the latter near
New Madrid, Mo., last week, in a dispute about
an account between them.

If John Hall and Burrell Smith, cel., have
been finally sentenced to be hanged Feb. 30th,
at Murfreesboro, Tenn., for the murder of Major
Pugh in May last.

tors and storehouses along the line of the various railroads. It is also in contemplation to provide temporary storage outside elevators, and to build new elevators in various quarters of the city. Large numbers of cars are lying along the tracks in the city loaded with grain which they are unable to deposit. There are in storages,000,000 bushels wheat, 4,000,000 bushels corn, and enough of oats and other grain to make the total 14,250,000 bushels, against a total of 10,000,000 bushels at this time last year. There are also about 1,000,000 bushels afloat in the harbor. The elevator outside the city and tributaries to it are generally well filled; some of them over-crowded. For this condition of affairs the only explanation is that the grain syndicate, of which James R. Keene is the representative, have, by constant purchases, forced the market price of wheat to a point where it is a dead loss to ship it to New York and to a point where it cannot be shipped from New York to Liverpool, even at the prevailing low rate of freights, with any prospect of a return of the money invested. Meantime the farmers are unable to find a market for their grain, although the prices are to their liking. grain, although the prices are to their liking. The outcome of this unprecdented situation PROUD OF HIS WORK.—During a recent discussion of the temperance question in the Canadian Parliament, Mr. Ford, of Queen's county, referred to a member of one of the families in the province who had not long before been laid in a negligible graye in consequence of being addition. province who had not long before been laid in a pauper's grave in consequence of being addicted to the use of intoxicating drink, and remarked that such a circumstance was "a temperance lecture in a nutshell!" Mr. Proth, member from Halifax, immediately arose, and in opposition to Mr. Ford stated that he was a liquor seller, and that the business was just as honorable and legitimate as a carriage builder's. This remark called up Mr. Ford again, and he said: "I build carriages, and when I turn out a fine wagon, and put it to rolling along the street, I say, 'That is my work.' I would ask the honorable member from Halifax if he is proud of his work as he sees it rolling along the street?"