

Ans.—I was, sir, in Barren Creek district.

Ques.—State if any United States soldiers came to your house."

Ans.—A cavalry company of five arrived at my house the evening previous to the election, and stopped there all night. I had a conversation with the Sergeant on the evening before the election. He informed me that neither I nor any other person would have any difficulty in voting their sentiments. The next morning I showed him the proclamation of Governor Bradford, which was sent by Mr. Long to the judges of election at Sharpstown, and which I forwarded at the request of some of Mr. Long's friends. The Sergeant told me that he would obey that proclamation. He did not molest the polls in any way, except once, when there was a little disturbance, which he came to suppress. This was the only time that he was around the polls. He objected to no one voting at all.

Ques.—Did the soldiers stay around the polls?

Ans.—No, sir; the soldiers were not around the polls during that day.

Ques.—Will you please state if any body objected to voters?

Ans.—Mr. Joseph Wright, a citizen of the district, objected to my vote, and to a number of others. About forty did not vote that were there on the day of election. If necessary I can mention those who were objected to.

Ques.—There was no interference by any persons except Mr. Wright?

Ans.—No, sir; none by the military at all.

Mr. Wright made the objection.

#### CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Ques.—Was your ticket received?

Ans.—My ticket was challenged by Mr. Wright, and rejected by the judges, and the oath was not offered to me. I suppose if I had volunteered to take the oath, it would have been accepted.

Ques.—How often did you see the oath offered to others on that day?

Ans.—I saw them offer it about a dozen times.

Ques.—Did they take it?

Ans.—Two or three of the number took it.