Making the receipts from all these sources, including arrearages, \$851,475 79
Amount of receipts in the year, \$1,870,105 72 From which deduct disburse-
ments exclusive of those for
the redemption of Stock, - 953,681 94
\$916,423 78
Thus showing that the receipts from
other sources were greater than the disbursements for ordinary
purposes by the sum of \$64,947 99
If there had been no taxes levied or collected from these
sources for the last fiscal year, so far as that year was con-
cerned, the condition of the Treasury on September 30, 1863,
would have shown this result, viz:
Surplus on hand for the preceding year, - \$446,749 19 Surplus on hand for said year at the close
of it, 64,947 99
Direct Taxes on levies of former years, - 369,071 53
Direct Tax on Incorporated Institutions
for former years, 5,008 04 From Executors and Administrators for
former years, 932 97 From Collateral Inheritances of former
years, 1,077 37
From Trustees and Receivers for former
years, 316 48
See Statement A, in receipts of Taxes of former years, \$888 103 57
It is therefore apparent that if no direct taxes, or taxes
from Commissions of Executors and Administrators, or
from Collateral Inheritances, or Trustees and Receivers,
accruing in the last fiscal year, had been received, that there
would still have remained in the Treasury, September 30,
1863, including the surplus on hand at the commencement
of that year, \$888,103 57, thus rendering the Treasury
secure without the imposition of such taxes. It will be ob-
served, from these facts, that if these taxes are now repealed,
that in each year for several years there will still be assist

that in each year for several years, there will still be receipts