

Lester,	Rinehart,	Boswell,
Kerr,	Snyder,	Cushwa,
McNeal,	Trail,	Masters,
Elliott,	McCoy,	Miller,
Frazier,	Hitchcock,	Zeigler,
Brohawn,	Archer,	Shaw,
Jones,	Ridgaway,	Brown,
Stubbs,	Barron,	Hebb,
Boulden,	Silverwood,	Ecker,
Pierce, of Q. A's,	Chappell,	Waters,
Duncan,	Stevens,	Starr,
Smith,	Stockbridge,	Sykes,
Murray, of Wor.,	Lee,	Tyson—48.

So the amendment to the amendment was rejected.

Mr. Clarke offered the following amendment to the amendment:

SEC. 5th—*Be it enacted*, that a Joint committee composed of three on the part of the Senate, and five on the part of the House, be and the same shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Delegates, whose duty it shall be to confer with the President of the United States, and the appropriate committees of Congress, and learn what appropriation, if any, will be made by Congress in pursuance of the recommendations and renewed offers of the President of the United States to aid the State of Maryland, in carrying out a system of *immediate* emancipation, so that the people of the State of Maryland when called upon to vote upon the question of "Convention," may understand whether the system of emancipation may be inaugurated by the said "Convention," so to be called upon a just and fair basis, which provides for compensation by the General Government of property owned by her citizens, and rendered insecure by the action of the said Government, provided, that unless Congress on or before the 20th day of March, 1864, make an appropriation to the State of Maryland to aid in carrying out a system of immediate emancipation, the Governor shall issue his proclamation declaring this act, and all proceedings under the same null and void.

Mr. Clarke demanded the yeas and nays;

The demand being sustained, the yeas and nays were called and appeared as follow:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Dent,	Carrico,	Clarke,
Martin,	Mathews,	Herbert,
Henkle,	Handy,	Fawcett,