(1) FOR CLAIMS ARISING FROM EVENTS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2009, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2010, 14.3% OF THE STATE AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE;

(2) FOR CLAIMS ARISING FROM EVENTS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2010, BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2011, 15.4% OF THE STATE AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE; AND

(3) FOR CLAIMS ARISING FROM EVENTS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2011, 16.7% OF THE STATE AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE.

~~(f)~~ (G) If a covered employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks for a disability listed in § 9–627(b) of this subtitle, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee weekly compensation at the rate set for an award of compensation for a period greater than or equal to 75 weeks but less than 250 weeks under § 9–629 of this subtitle.

~~(g)~~ (H) If a public safety employee is awarded compensation for less than 75 weeks, the employer or its insurer shall pay the public safety employee compensation at the rate set for an award of compensation for a period greater than or equal to 75 weeks but less than 250 weeks under § 9–629 of this subtitle.

9–629.

If a covered employee is awarded compensation for a period equal to or greater than 75 weeks but less than 250 weeks, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee weekly compensation that equals two–thirds of the average weekly wage of the covered employee but does not exceed one–third of the State average weekly wage.

9–630.

(a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, if a covered employee is given an award or a combination of awards resulting from 1 accidental personal injury or occupational disease for 250 weeks or more under § 9–627 of this subtitle:

(i) the Commission shall increase the award or awards by one–third the number of weeks in the award or awards, computed to the nearest whole number; and