

(II) THE MEDICAL EXAMINER SHALL DISPOSE OF ANY MEDICAL EVIDENCE, TISSUE, OR ORGAN UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH IN ACCORDANCE WITH NORMAL STANDARDS OF MEDICAL PRACTICE.

(d) (2) (vi) If the final decision of the Secretary, OR of the Secretary's designee, or of a court of competent jurisdiction on appeal, establishes a different finding or conclusion on the cause or manner of death of a deceased than that recorded on the certificate of death, the medical examiner shall amend the certificate to reflect the different finding or conclusion under §§ 4-212 and 4-214 of this article and § 10-625 of the State Government Article.

5-311.

(a) (1) The OFFICE OF THE Chief Medical Examiner [and, as to their respective counties, each of the deputy medical examiners] shall keep complete records on each medical examiner's case.

(2) The records shall be indexed properly and include:

- (i) The name, if known, of the deceased;
- (ii) The place where the body was found;
- (iii) The date, cause, and manner of death; and
- (iv) All other available information about the death.

(d) (1) In this subsection, "record":

- (i) Means the result of [a view or] AN EXTERNAL examination of or an autopsy on a body; and
- (ii) Does not include a statement of a witness or other individual.

(2) A record of the office of the Chief Medical Examiner or any deputy medical examiner, if made by the medical examiner or by anyone under the medical examiner's direct supervision or control, or a certified transcript of that record, is competent evidence in any court in this State of the matters and facts contained in it.

(e) (1) [A medical examiner shall charge a reasonable fee for making insurance and other similar reports] THE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF MEDICAL