practitioner, A LICENSED CLINICAL MARRIAGE AND FAMILY THERAPIST, a health officer or designee of a health officer, or a peace officer, the petitioner shall present the petition to the court for immediate review.

- (b) After review of the petition, the court shall endorse the petition if the court finds probable cause to believe that the emergency evaluee has shown the symptoms of a mental disorder and that the individual presents a danger to the life or safety of the individual or of others.
- (c) If the court does not find probable cause, the court shall indicate that fact on the petition, and no further action may be taken under the petition.

10-624.

- (a) (1) A peace officer shall take an emergency evaluee to the nearest emergency facility if the peace officer has a petition under Part IV of this subtitle that:
 - (i) Has been endorsed by a court within the last 5 days; or
- (ii) Is signed and submitted by a physician, a psychologist, a clinical social worker, a licensed clinical professional counselor, clinical nurse specialist in psychiatric and mental health nursing, psychiatric nurse practitioner, A LICENSED CLINICAL MARRIAGE AND FAMILY THERAPIST, a health officer or designee of a health officer, or a peace officer.
- (2) After a peace officer takes the emergency evaluee to an emergency facility, the peace officer need not stay unless, because the emergency evaluee is violent, a physician asks the supervisor of the peace officer to have the peace officer stay.
- (3) A peace officer shall stay until the supervisor responds to the request for assistance. If the emergency evaluee is violent, the supervisor shall allow the peace officer to stay.
- (4) If a physician asks that a peace officer stay, a physician shall examine the emergency evaluee as promptly as possible.
- (b) (1) If the petition is executed properly, the emergency facility shall accept the emergency evaluee.
- (2) Within 6 hours after an emergency evaluee is brought to an emergency facility, a physician shall examine the emergency evaluee, to determine whether the emergency evaluee meets the requirements for involuntary admission.