

(a) In a proceeding before a [hearing examiner,] special examiner[,] or the Board of Appeals, a claimant may be represented by a lawyer or another agent authorized by the claimant.

(b) An agent may not charge or accept compensation for representing a claimant in a proceeding before a [hearing examiner,] special examiner[,] or the Board of Appeals except that a lawyer may charge and accept compensation in an amount not greater than that approved by the Board of Appeals.

(c) In a proceeding before a [hearing examiner,] special examiner[,] or the Board of Appeals, an employer may appear for itself or be represented by a lawyer or another agent authorized by the employer.

(d) A person may not solicit, for that person or another person, the business of appearing on behalf of a claimant in a proceeding before a [hearing examiner,] special examiner[,] or the Board of Appeals.

8-5A-10.

(a) A party who wishes to file an appeal with the Board of Appeals shall do so within 15 days after notice of the decision of a hearing examiner [or determination of the Secretary] was mailed to the party at the last known address of the party or otherwise was delivered to the party.

(b) After a hearing examiner makes a final decision under § [8-509] 8-508 of this [subtitle] TITLE:

(1) if the hearing examiner does not affirm the determination or redetermination of a claim, the Board of Appeals shall allow an appeal by either the Secretary, or a party entitled to notice of the decision, or both; and

(2) if the hearing examiner affirms the determination or redetermination of a claim, the Board of Appeals may allow an appeal by a party entitled to notice of the decision.

8-5A-11.

[(a)] A decision of the Board of Appeals is final subject to judicial review under [§ 8-512] § 8-5A-12 of this subtitle.

[(b)] A decision of the Board of Appeals under § 8-806(h) of this title is final within 10 days after mailing or other delivery of the notice of the decision.]

8-602.