

(b) (1) The State Fire Marshal or a full-time investigative and inspection assistant of the Office of the State Fire Marshal may arrest a person without a warrant if the State Fire Marshal or assistant has probable cause to believe:

(i) the person has committed a crime listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection; and

(ii) unless the person is arrested immediately, the person:

1. may not be apprehended;
2. may cause physical injury or property damage to another; or
3. may tamper with, dispose of, or destroy evidence.

(2) The crimes referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection are:

(i) a crime that relates to a device that is constructed to represent a destructive device under § 9-505 of the Criminal Law Article;

(ii) malicious burning in the first or second degree under § 6-104 or § 6-105 of the Criminal Law Article;

(iii) burning the contents of a trash container under § 6-108 of the Criminal Law Article;

(iv) making a false alarm of fire under § 9-604 of the Criminal Law Article;

(v) a crime that relates to burning or attempting to burn property as part of a religious or ethnic crime under § 10-304 or § 10-305 of the Criminal Law Article;

(vi) a crime that relates to interference, obstruction, or false representation of fire and safety personnel under § 6-602 or § 7-402 of the Public Safety Article; and

(vii) threatening arson or attempting, causing, aiding, counseling, or procuring arson in the first or second degree or malicious burning in the first or second degree under Title 6, Subtitle 1 of the Criminal Law Article.

(c) (1) The State Fire Marshal or a full-time investigative and inspection assistant in the Office of the State Fire Marshal may act under the authority granted