- (6) If the accounting is fair, reasonable, and properly chargeable to the county, the judges of the circuit court shall certify the accounting.
- (7) IF THE ACCOUNTING IS CERTIFIED BY A MAJORITY OF THE JUDGES OF THE CIRCUIT COURT, THE ACCOUNTING SHALL BE FILED WITH THE CLERK OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY SERVED BY THE STATE'S ATTORNEY.
  - (C) COUNTY TO LEVY AND COLLECT CERTIFIED AMOUNT.

ON THE FILING OF A CERTIFIED ACCOUNTING WITH THE CLERK OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SHALL:

- (1) APPROVE THE ACCOUNTING; AND
- (2) LEVY AND COLLECT THE AMOUNT CHARGED BY THE STATE'S ATTORNEY IN THE SAME TIME AND MANNER THAT OTHER COUNTY TAXES ARE LEVIED AND COLLECTED.
  - (D) EFFECT OF SECTION.

This section does not prohibit a board of county commissioners from providing the office of a State's Attorney a larger appropriation than the amount that is allowed and certified by the judges of the circuit court under subsection (b) of this section.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 10, § 39.

In subsection (b)(1) of this section, the reference to the requirement that a "State's Attorney shall make a full and particular accounting of services rendered and expenses incurred by the State's Attorney and chargeable to the county" is substituted for the former reference that "[i]t shall be the duty of the respective State's Attorneys of the counties of this State, in making up their accounts against the board of county commissioners of their respective counties, for all such services and expenses as are properly chargeable against said board of county commissioners, to state fully and particularly the services rendered" for brevity.