

(E) COGENERATION.

"COGENERATION" MEANS THE COMBINED GENERATION BY A FACILITY OF:

- (1) ELECTRICAL OR MECHANICAL POWER; AND
- (2) ENERGY USED FOR INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL, HEATING OR COOLING PURPOSES, INCLUDING:
 - (I) STEAM;
 - (II) HEAT; AND
 - (III) OTHER FORMS OF ENERGY.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 83A, § 5-901(f).

In paragraph (2)(iii) of this subsection, the former reference to "useful" energy is deleted as surplusage.

Defined term: "Facility" § 5-401

(F) COMMERCIAL BUILDING.

"COMMERCIAL BUILDING" MEANS A BUILDING THAT:

- (1) IS USED PRIMARILY TO CARRY ON A FOR-PROFIT OR NOT-FOR-PROFIT BUSINESS;
- (2) IS NOT RESIDENTIAL; AND
- (3) IS NOT USED PRIMARILY TO MANUFACTURE OR PRODUCE RAW MATERIALS, PRODUCTS, OR AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 83A, § 5-901(g).

The former phrase "for the purpose of providing financial assistance for an energy conservation project or a solar energy project in a commercial building" is deleted as surplusage.

(G) ENERGY AUDIT.

"ENERGY AUDIT" MEANS:

- (1) AN ENERGY AUDIT PERFORMED FOR THE PURPOSES OF TITLE VII OF THE ENERGY POLICY AND CONSERVATION ACT, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6201 THROUGH 6422; OR
- (2) AN ONSITE INSPECTION OF A COMMERCIAL BUILDING, AN INDUSTRIAL BUILDING, OR AN INDUSTRIAL PROCESS TO DETERMINE AND PROVIDE INFORMATION ON:
 - (I) THE TYPE, QUANTITY, AND RATE OF ENERGY CONSUMPTION OF THE BUILDING OR PROCESS;