- (2) IF THE NONPROFIT HEALTH ENTITY IS A HOSPITAL, THE REGULATING ENTITY SHALL HOLD THE PUBLIC HEARING IN THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE HOSPITAL IS LOCATED.
- (B) A PUBLIC HEARING UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE A QUASI-LEGISLATIVE HEARING AND NOT A CONTESTED CASE HEARING.
- (C) ANY PERSON MAY FILE WRITTEN COMMENTS AND EXHIBITS OR MAKE A STATEMENT AT A THE PUBLIC HEARING.
 - (D) THE REGULATING ENTITY MAY:
 - (1) SUBPOENA INFORMATION AND WITNESSES;
 - (2) REQUIRE SWORN STATEMENTS:
 - (3) TAKE DEPOSITIONS; AND
 - (4) USE RELATED DISCOVERY PROCEDURES.
- (E) (1) THE REGULATING ENTITY MAY CONTRACT WITH EXPERTS ΘR CONSULTANTS AS REASONABLY NECESSARY TO:
- (I) DETERMINE WHETHER TO APPROVE AN ACQUISITION GENERALLY;
- (II) PERFORM AN INDEPENDENT VALUATION OF THE PUBLIC OR CHARITABLE ASSETS OF THE TRANSFEROR;
- (III) EVALUATE THE IMPACT OF THE ACQUISITION ON THE AFFECTED COMMUNITY;
- (IV) DETERMINE WHETHER THERE HAS BEEN DUE DILIGENCE BY THE TRANSFEROR; AND
 - (V) DETERMINE THE EXISTENCE OF ANY CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.
- (2) THE SELECTION OF AN EXPERT BY A REGULATING ENTITY UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE STATE PROCUREMENT LAWS.
- $rac{(2)}{2}$ IF A REGULATING ENTITY EMPLOYS CONTRACTS FOR EXPERT ASSISTANCE UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE TRANSFEREE SHALL PAY THE REASONABLE COST OF THE EXPERT ASSISTANCE, AS DETERMINED BY THE REGULATING ENTITY.
- (F) WITHIN 95 $\underline{60}$ DAYS AFTER RECEIVING AN APPLICATION THE RECORD, INCLUDING THE PUBLIC HEARING PROCESS, HAS BEEN CLOSED, THE APPROPRIATE REGULATING ENTITY SHALL:
 - (1) APPROVE THE ACQUISITION, WITH OR WITHOUT MODIFICATIONS; OR
 - (2) DISAPPROVE THE ACQUISITION.