1992 LAWS OF MARYLAND

9-602.

(K) FOR THE PURPOSE OF COMPUTING THE AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE OF A JUROR WHO IS A COVERED EMPLOYEE UNDER § 9–213(A) OF THIS TITLE, THE WAGES OF THE JUROR SHALL BE THE PER DIEM RECEIVED BY THE JUROR FOR JURY DUTY.

DRAFTER'S NOTE:

Error: Omitted provision in § 9-602 of the Labor and Employment Article.

Occurred: Ch. 8, Acts of 1991.

9-608.

(b) (1) The compensation payable shall be reduced to the percentage of the compensation THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN PAYABLE IF THE OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE HAD BEEN THE SOLE CAUSE OF THE DEATH OR DISABILITY that equals the percentage that the occupational disease contributed to the death or disability, as determined by the Commission under subsection (a) of this section.

DRAFTER'S NOTE:

Error: Omitted phrase in § 9-608(b)(1) of the Labor and Employment Article.

Occurred: Ch. 8, Acts of 1991.

9-627.

- (k) (2) In making a determination under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the [Commissioner] COMMISSION shall consider factors including:
 - (i) the nature of the physical disability; and
- (ii) the age, experience, occupation, and training of the disabled covered employee when the accidental personal injury or occupational disease occurred.

DRAFTER'S NOTE:

Error: Incorrect word usage in § 9-627(k)(2) of the Labor and Employment Article.

Occurred: Ch. 8, Acts of 1991.

9-637.

(a) (2) If the average weekly wage of the covered employee is less than \$25 at the time of the accidental personal injury or last injurious exposure to THE HAZARDS OF the occupational disease, the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee weekly compensation that equals the average weekly wage of the covered employee.