

(5) An action to recover a civil penalty assessed under this section may be brought by the Attorney General in a court of competent jurisdiction within 6 years after the cause of action accrues.

(6) Any money recovered under item (5) of this subsection shall be paid into the Maryland Victims of Crime Fund.

(p) (1) If any person violates or threatens to violate any provision of this section, the Attorney General may bring a proceeding against the person in a court of competent jurisdiction to restrain the person from continuing the violation or carrying out the threat of violation.

(2) In any proceeding under this subsection, a court shall have jurisdiction to grant to the Attorney General, without bond or other undertaking, a prohibitory or mandatory injunction as the facts may warrant, including temporary restraining orders and preliminary injunctions to prevent payments under a contract in violation of this section.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act is an emergency measure, is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, has been passed by a ye and nay vote supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, and shall take effect from the date it is enacted.

May 26, 1992

The Honorable Thomas V. Mike Miller, Jr.
President of the Senate
State House
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Dear Mr. President:

In accordance with Article II, Section 17 of the Maryland Constitution, I have today vetoed Senate Bill 661.

Senate Bill 661 would permit graduates of the University of Maryland at College Park's Human Development Program, for one year, to apply for licensure as a psychologist in the State of Maryland. To be eligible to qualify for a license the graduate must have:

- 1) a doctoral degree in Human Development prior to January 1, 1992;
- 2) a master's degree in psychology;
- 3) three years supervised experience; and
- 4) passed the examination given by the Board of Examiners of Psychologists (Board) on or before October 1, 1993.

Under current law, to be eligible for licensure, an applicant must have a doctoral degree from an accredited college or university from either a program of studies whose content