- (2) THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS 12.
- (C) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS A RESIDENT FOR A PERIOD OF MORE THAN 15 DAYS IN A MONTH IS DEEMED TO BE A RESIDENT FOR THE FULL MONTH.

10 - 307

- (a) To the extent included in federal taxable income, the amounts under this section are subtracted from the federal taxable income of a corporation to determine Maryland modified income.
- (e) The subtraction under subsection (a) of this section includes gross receipts, less related expenses, that:
  - (1) are subject to the public service company franchise tax; AND
- (2) ARE NOT DERIVED FROM LONG DISTANCE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE, AS DEFINED UNDER § 8–401(B–1) OF THIS ARTICLE.

10-402.

- (c) (1) If the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a 3-factor [formula that weighs property, payroll, and sales equally] APPORTIONMENT FRACTION:
- (I) THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE SUM OF THE PROPERTY FACTOR, THE PAYROLL FACTOR, AND TWICE THE SALES FACTOR; AND
  - (II) THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS 4.
- (d) To reflect clearly the income allocable to Maryland, the Comptroller may alter, if circumstances warrant, the methods under subsections (b) and (c) of this section, including:
  - (1) the use of the separate accounting method;
- (2) the use of the 3-factor DOUBLE WEIGHTED SALES FACTOR formula method;
  - (3) the weight of any factor in the 3-factor formula;
  - (4) the valuation of rented property included in the property factor; and
- (5) the determination of the extent to which tangible personal property is located in the State.