

FIDUCIARY INSTITUTION AN ORDER OF APPOINTMENT OR A CERTIFIED COPY OF THE ORDER ISSUED BY OR UNDER THE DIRECTION OR SUPERVISION OF THE COURT OR AN OFFICER OF THE COURT;

(III) THE CUSTOMER IS DISABLED AND A GUARDIAN IS APPOINTED OR QUALIFIED BY A COURT, AND THE GUARDIAN PRESENTS TO THE FIDUCIARY INSTITUTION AN ORDER OF APPOINTMENT OR A CERTIFIED COPY OF THE ORDER ISSUED BY OR UNDER THE DIRECTION OR SUPERVISION OF THE COURT OR AN OFFICER OF THE COURT;

(IV) THE CUSTOMER IS DECEASED AND A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE IS APPOINTED OR QUALIFIED BY A COURT, AND THE PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE PRESENTS TO THE FIDUCIARY INSTITUTION LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION ISSUED BY OR UNDER THE DIRECTION OR SUPERVISION OF THE COURT OR AN OFFICER OF THE COURT; OR

[(ii)] (V) The Department of Human Resources requests the financial record in the course of verifying the individual's eligibility for public assistance; and

(2) Shall disclose any information requested in writing by the Department of Human Resources relative to moneys held in a savings deposit, time deposit, demand deposit, or any other deposit held by the fiduciary institution in the name of the individual who is a recipient or applicant for public assistance.

[5-303.

(a) If a deposit in a banking institution is made in the names of two or more persons and is payable to any one of them:

(1) The money in the account may be withdrawn by any person named on the account, whether or not any of the other persons is living; and

(2) A receipt signed by that person named on the account who withdraws the money discharges the institution for the withdrawal.

(b) If a deposit in a banking institution is made in the names of two or more persons so that, on the death of one, the survivors are entitled to the money in the account, the bank shall notify the depositors of this fact by:

(1) Giving the depositors a copy of the signature card containing this information; or

(2) Noting this information in a passbook.]

[5-304.

If a deposit in a banking institution is made in trust for a person other than the depositor and the banking institution receives no further notice of the terms of the trust, the institution may permit the beneficiary to withdraw money from the account after the trustee has died.]