- $\frac{\text{(1)}}{\text{1.}}$  ANY RIGHT TO A TRIAL OF THE FACTS AS ALLEGED IN THE CITATION; AND
- (H) 2. ANY RIGHT TO COMPEL THE APPEARANCE OF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHO ISSUED THE CITATION.
- (III) A PERSON MAY REQUEST A HEARING UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH ONLY IF THE TRAFFIC CITATION IS FOR AN OFFENSE THAT IS NOT PUNISHABLE BY INCARCERATION.
- (c) If a person fails to comply with the notice to appear, the District Court or a circuit court may:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, issue a warrant for the person's arrest; or
  - (2) After 5 days, notify the Administration of the person's noncompliance.
- (d) On receipt of a notice of noncompliance from the District Court or a circuit court, the Administration shall notify the person that the person's driving privileges shall be suspended unless, by the end of the 15th day after the date on which the notice is mailed, the person:
- (1) Pays the fine on the original charge as provided for in the original citations; or
- (2) Posts bond or a penalty deposit and requests a new [trial] date FOR A TRIAL OR A HEARING ON SENTENCING AND DISPOSITION.
- (e) If a person fails to pay the fine or post the bond or penalty deposit under subsection (d) of this section, the Administration may suspend the driving privileges of the person.
- (f) When the offense is not punishable by incarceration, if the court notifies the Administration of the person's noncompliance under subsection (c) of this section, a warrant may not be issued for the person under this section until 20 days after the original trial date.
- (g) With the cooperation of the District Court and circuit courts, the Administration shall develop procedures to carry out those provisions of this section that relate to the suspension of driving privileges.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 1992.

Approved May 12, 1992.