- (1) "Abandoned vehicle" has the same meaning as stated in § 25–201 of the Transportation Article.
 - (2) "Child" means a person under the age of 18 years.
- (3) "Court" means the Court of Appeals, Court of Special Appeals, circuit court, and District Court of Maryland, or any of them, unless the context clearly requires a contrary meaning.
- (4) "Crime" means an act committed by any person in the State of Maryland which would constitute a crime as defined in Article 27 of the Annotated Code of Maryland or at common law, or a violation under § 25–202 of the Transportation Article. However, an act involving the operation of a motor vehicle which results in injury does not constitute a crime for the purpose of this article unless the injuries were intentionally inflicted through the use of a vehicle.
- (5) "Defendant" means any person who has been found guilty of a crime or any person whose plea of nolo contendere to a crime has been accepted by the court.
 - (6) "Division" means Division of Parole and Probation.
 - (7) "Judge" means a judge of a court.
- (8) "ORDER OF RESTITUTION" MEANS EITHER A DIRECT ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF RESTITUTION OR AN ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF RESTITUTION THAT IS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IN AN ORDER OF PROBATION.
 - (9) "Property" means both real and personal property.
 - [(9)] (10) "Victim":
- (i) Means a person who suffers personal injury, death, or property loss as a direct result of crime; and
 - (ii) Includes, in the event of the death of a victim, the victim's estate.
- (b) (1) On conviction of a crime, acceptance of a plea of nolo contendere, or imposition of probation before judgment under § 292 or § 641 of this article, the court may [order] ISSUE AN ORDER OF RESTITUTION DIRECTING the defendant to make restitution in addition to any other penalty for the commission of the crime, if:
- (i) Property of the victim was stolen, converted, unlawfully obtained, or its value substantially decreased as a direct result of the crime;
- (ii) The victim suffered actual medical expenses, direct out-of-pocket losses, or loss of earnings as a direct result of the crime;
- (iii) The victim incurred medical expenses that were paid by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or any other governmental entity;
- (iv) A governmental entity incurred expenses in the removal, towing, transporting, preserving, storage, sale, or destruction of an abandoned vehicle; or