

IF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE HAS AN AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE OF LESS THAN \$50 AT THE TIME OF THE ACCIDENTAL INJURY OR THE LAST INJURIOUS EXPOSURE TO THE HAZARDS OF THE OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE, THE COVERED EMPLOYEE SHALL RECEIVE MINIMUM COMPENSATION THAT EQUALS THE AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE OF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from the first sentence of former Art. 101, § 36(3)(c) and the second sentence of (j).

In subsection (b) of this section, the reference to the "last injurious exposure to the hazards of the occupational disease" is added to conform to § 9-602(a)(1) of this subtitle.

Defined terms: "Accidental injury" § 9-101

"Compensation" § 9-101 "Covered employee" § 9-101

"Occupational disease" § 9-101

9-627. DURATION OF COMPENSATION.

(A) IN GENERAL.

IF A COVERED EMPLOYEE IS ENTITLED TO COMPENSATION FOR A PERMANENT PARTIAL DISABILITY UNDER THIS PART IV OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE EMPLOYER OR ITS INSURER SHALL PAY THE COVERED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION FOR THE PERIOD STATED IN THIS SECTION.

(B) LOSS OF THUMB, FINGER, OR GREAT TOE.

COMPENSATION SHALL BE PAID FOR THE PERIOD LISTED FOR THE LOSS OF THE FOLLOWING:

- (1) A THUMB, 100 WEEKS;
- (2) A 1ST FINGER, COMMONLY CALLED THE INDEX FINGER, 40 WEEKS;
- (3) A 2ND FINGER, 35 WEEKS;
- (4) A 3RD FINGER, 30 WEEKS;
- (5) A 4TH FINGER, COMMONLY CALLED THE LITTLE FINGER, 25 WEEKS; AND
- (6) A GREAT TOE, 40 WEEKS.

(C) LOSS AND LOSS OF USE OF PHALANXES AND DIGITS.

(1) COMPENSATION FOR THE LOSS OF MORE THAN 1 PHALANX OF A DIGIT OF A HAND OR FOOT SHALL BE THE SAME AS THE COMPENSATION FOR THE LOSS OF THE ENTIRE DIGIT.