

Also in the introductory language of subsection (a) of this section, the former limitation "[i]n pursuance of this duty" is deleted as imprecise since several duties were mentioned before the singular "this duty" and as unnecessary in light of the specific power "to settle a labor dispute" in subsection (a)(1) of this section.

In subsection (a)(1) of this section, the former reference to "consideration" of a dispute is deleted as implicit in its settlement.

In subsection (a)(2)(i) of this section, the word "reasonable", which formerly modified "compensation", is deleted. The Labor and Employment Article Review Committee notes, for consideration by the General Assembly, that the \$5 limit has remained unchanged since it was enacted by Ch. 406, Acts of 1916. As noted in the General Revisor's Note to this subtitle, no boards have been formed during at least the last 20 years. Nonetheless, should the General Assembly wish to continue authority for formation of a board, the General Assembly should consider that the limit on compensation may preclude finding qualified individuals to serve on a board.

As to the substitution of "Mediation Service" for the former references to "said Commissioner", see the revisor's note to § 4-103 of this subtitle.

Defined terms: "Board" § 4-101

"Mediation Service" § 4-101

4-106. GENERAL POWERS OF MEDIATION SERVICE AND BOARDS.

(A) IN GENERAL.

TO THE SAME EXTENT AS A COURT OF THE STATE IN A CIVIL CASE,
THE MEDIATION SERVICE OR A BOARD MAY:

- (1) CONDUCT AN INVESTIGATION;
- (2) HOLD HEARINGS;
- (3) ADMINISTER OATHS; AND
- (4) ISSUE A SUBPOENA FOR THE ATTENDANCE OF A WITNESS
TO TESTIFY OR THE PRODUCTION OF BOOKS, PAPERS, AND OTHER
DOCUMENTS.

(B) ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA.

(1) IF A PERSON FAILS TO COMPLY WITH A SUBPOENA ISSUED
UNDER THIS SECTION, ON PETITION OF THE MEDIATION SERVICE OR
BOARD, A CIRCUIT COURT MAY COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH THE
SUBPOENA.

(2) A BOARD SHALL PETITION THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE
COUNTY WHERE THE BOARD IS MEETING.