

unreimbursable expenses or indebtedness reasonably incurred for medical care, INCLUDING EXPENSES FOR EYGLASSES AND OTHER CORRECTIVE LENSES, mental health counseling, funeral expenses, or other services necessary as a result of the injury upon which such claim is based.

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(a) (1) An award may not be made unless the Board members find that [(1)] (I) a crime was committed, [(2)] (II) such crime directly resulted in personal physical injury to, or death of the victim, and [(3)] (III) police records show that such crime was promptly reported to the proper authorities; and in no case may an award be made where the police records show that such report was made more than forty-eight hours after the occurrence of such crime unless the Board, for good cause shown, finds the delay to have been justified. The Board, upon finding that any claimant or award recipient has not fully cooperated with all law enforcement agencies, may deny or withdraw any award, as the case may be.

(2) An award may not be made unless funds are appropriated and available for the full amount of the award. If a multiyear award is made, the total amount of the award shall be obligated and held for such period of time as is necessary to complete payment in accordance with the provisions of the award. If payment of the award is terminated for any reason subsequent to June 30 of the fiscal year in which the award was made, the remainder of the award shall revert to the General Fund. Any compensation awarded under the provisions of this Act shall not exceed \$25,000 for any disability-related claim and \$45,000 for any medical claim. The maximum amount awarded under all of the provisions of this Act shall not exceed \$45,000, including any subsequent and supplemental awards.

(3) ANY COMPENSATION AWARDED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE FOR THE PURPOSES OF PSYCHIATRIC, PSYCHOLOGICAL, OR MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELING SHALL NOT EXCEED \$2,000 FOR EACH CLAIMANT; ~~IN CASES WHERE THERE ARE NO PHYSICAL INJURIES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THIS TITLE.~~

(b) (1) Any award made pursuant to this article shall be made in accordance with the schedule of benefits and degree of disability as specified in Article 101, § 36 (as it existed on January 1, 1989), § 37, and other applicable sections of the Code, excluding § 66 entitled "Subsequent Injury Fund". However, the term "average weekly wages" as applied to determine the award in accordance with § 36 of Article 101, does not include tips, gratuities and wages that are undeclared on the claimant's State or federal income tax returns in the applicable years. If a claimant does not have "average weekly wages" so as to qualify under the formula in § 36 of Article 101, the award shall be in an amount equal to the arithmetic average between the maximum and minimum awards listed in the applicable portion of that section.

(2) ANY PERSON WHO IS ENTITLED TO AN AWARD DUE TO THE DEATH OF A VICTIM AS THE DIRECT RESULT OF A CRIME OR WHO HAS PSYCHOLOGICAL INJURY MAY BE ELIGIBLE, UNDER THE RULES