

In subsection (g)(1) of this section, the former phrases "in which case the employer shall be subject to the sanctions prescribed by this section" are deleted as unnecessary since subsection (g)(1) applies only to an agent or supervisory employee and does not purport to relieve the employer of the penalty.

As to the laws that relate to service of process on Sundays, see CJ § 6-302 and Md. Rules 2-125 and 3-125, which generally allow service on Sunday, except for a writ of dstraint or for eviction or possession. Art. 27, § 500(d) prohibits service of process on Sundays in Wicomico County.

Defined term: "Employ" § 3-101

3-705. PENSION PLANS.

A PENSION PLAN MAY NOT REDUCE A PAYMENT TO AN INDIVIDUAL ENTITLED TO RECEIVE THE PAYMENT BECAUSE SOCIAL SECURITY PAYMENTS TO THAT INDIVIDUAL INCREASE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 100, § 108.

GENERAL REVISOR'S NOTE TO TITLE :

Former Art. 100, §§ 1 through 3, which set 10 hours as "one full day's work" for employees in textile mills, allowed employees to work more than a full day under certain circumstances, and provided penalties for violations, are deleted as obsolete. When former §§ 1 through 3 were enacted, employees generally were paid at a daily wage rate. See generally Second Biennial Report of Bureau of Industrial Statistics and Information of Maryland, 1886-1887, reprinted in Maryland House and Senate Documents 1888. However, since 1965, employees in textile mills have been covered under the provisions now revised as Subtitle 4 of this title, which requires payment of employees at an hourly wage rate.

Former Art. 100, §§ 55H and 92, which provided for the severability of the provisions of former Art. 100, §§ 55A through 55H and §§ 81 through 93A, respectively, are deleted as unnecessary in light of Art. 1, § 23 of the Code.

Other laws that protect employees are not included in this title because the laws more appropriately appear in other articles of the Code. See, e.g., Art. 27, § 740 of the Code, which relates to disclosure of information about criminal charges that have been expunged and is part of a comprehensive statute on expungement of criminal records, and HG § 17-214.1, which requires an employer to use only certain laboratories for drug testing and allows employees to request independent testing to verify the results.

See also Art. 33, §§ 24-26 and 26-16(a)(6) of the Code, which, respectively, require an employer, under certain circumstances, to allow an employee to have time off to vote on an election day and prohibit certain activities calculated to influence the political opinions or activities of an employee.