

(2) by delivery to representatives of the news media who regularly report on sessions of the public body or the activities of the government of which the public body is a part;

(3) if the public body previously has given public notice that this method will be used, by posting or depositing the notice at a convenient public location at or near the place of the session; or

(4) by any other reasonable method.

10-507.

(a) Whenever a public body meets in open session, the general public is entitled to attend.

~~(B) (1) ALL OR PART OF A PUBLIC MEETING MAY BE VIDEOTAPED, TELEVISED, PHOTOGRAPHED, BROADCAST, OR RECORDED BY MEANS OF A TAPE RECORDER, CAMERA, VIDEO EQUIPMENT, OR ANY OTHER MEANS OF PICTORIAL OR SONIC REPRODUCTION.~~

~~(2) A PUBLIC BODY MAY SHALL ADOPT AND ENFORCE REASONABLE RULES REGARDING THE CONDUCT OF PERSONS ATTENDING ITS MEETINGS AND THE; VIDEOTAPING, TELEVISIONING, PHOTOGRAPHING, BROADCASTING, OR RECORDING OF ITS MEETINGS.~~

[(b)] (C) (1) If the presiding officer determines that the behavior of an individual is disrupting an open session, the public body may have the individual removed.

(2) Unless the public body or its members or agents acted maliciously, the public body, members, and agents are not liable for having an individual removed under this subsection.

10-508.

(a) [A] SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, A public body may meet in closed session or adjourn an open session to a closed session only to:

(1) discuss:

(i) the appointment, employment, assignment, promotion, discipline, demotion, compensation, removal, [or] resignation, OR PERFORMANCE EVALUATION of appointees, employees, or officials over whom it has jurisdiction; or

(ii) any other personnel matter that affects 1 or more specific individuals;

(2) protect the privacy or reputation of individuals with respect to a matter that is not related to public business;

(3) consider the acquisition of real property for a public purpose and matters directly related thereto;