- (8) The inner consistency and coherence of the statement;
- (9) Whether the child was suffering pain or distress when making the statement;
- (10) Whether extrinsic evidence exists to show the defendant's opportunity to commit the act complained of in the child's statement;
- (11) Whether the statement is suggestive due to the use of leading questions; and
 - (12) The credibility of the person testifying about the statement.
- (e) The court, in determining whether a statement is admissible under this section, in a hearing outside the presence of the jury, OR BEFORE THE CINA PROCEEDING shall:
- (1) Make a finding on the record as to the specific guarantees of trustworthiness that are present in the statement; and
 - (2) Determine the admissibility of the statement.
- (f) (1) This section may not be construed to limit the admissibility of a statement under any other applicable hearsay exception or rule of evidence.
- (2) THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO PROHIBIT THE COURT IN A CINA PROCEEDING FROM HEARING TESTIMONY IN THE JUDGE'S CHAMBERS.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be construed only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect upon or application to any case filed prior to the effective date of this Act.
- SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 1991.

Approved May 14, 1991.

CHAPTER 400

(House Bill 778)

AN ACT concerning

Carroll County - Raffles

FOR the purpose of authorizing certain organizations or volunteer fire companies in Carroll County to conduct raffles in which more than one drawing is held under certain conditions; repealing a certain limit on the number of single drawing raffles that may be held altering the value of the major prizes that may be awarded in