Article. However, an act involving the operation of a motor vehicle which results in injury does not constitute a crime for the purpose of this article unless the injuries were intentionally inflicted through the use of a vehicle.

- [(4)] (5) "Defendant" means any person who has been found guilty of a crime or any person whose plea of nolo contendere to a crime has been accepted by the court.
  - [(5)] (6) "Division" means Division of Parole and Probation.
  - [(6)] (7) "Judge" means a judge of a court.
  - [(7)] (8) "Property" means both real and personal property.
  - [(8)] (9) "Victim":
- (i) Means a person who suffers personal injury, death, or property loss as a direct result of crime; and
  - (ii) Includes, in the event of the death of a victim, the victim's estate.
- (b) (1) On conviction of a crime, acceptance of a plea of nolo contendere, or imposition of probation before judgment under § 292 or § 641 of this article, the court may order the defendant to make restitution in addition to any other penalty for the commission of the crime, if:
- (i) Property of the victim was stolen, converted, unlawfully obtained, or its value substantially decreased as a direct result of the crime;
- (ii) The victim suffered actual medical expenses, direct out-of-pocket losses, or loss of earnings as a direct result of the crime;
- (iii) The victim incurred medical expenses that were paid by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or any other governmental entity;
- (iv) A governmental entity incurred expenses in the removal, towing, transporting, preserving, storage, sale, or destruction of an abandoned vehicle; or
- (v) The Criminal Injuries Compensation Board paid benefits to a victim of the crime.
- (2) On conviction of a crime, acceptance of a plea of nolo contendere, or imposition of probation before judgment under § 292 or § 641 of this article, the court may order the defendant to make restitution in addition to any other penalty for the commission of the crime if:
- (i) The victim or the State on behalf of the victim requests restitution; and
- (ii) The court is presented with competent evidence of any of items (i) through (v) of paragraph (1) of this subsection.
  - (3) The court may order that restitution be made to: