

(ii) He is accompanied by a dog guide.

(2) At any highway crossing or intersection where traffic is not regulated by a police officer, a deaf or hearing impaired person has the right-of-way if accompanied by a dog guide.

(3) When the driver of a vehicle at or approaching a crossing or intersection sees a blind or partially blind pedestrian described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, or a deaf or hearing impaired pedestrian described in paragraph (2) of this subsection the driver shall:

(i) Immediately stop;

(ii) Leave a clear lane through which the pedestrian may pass; and

(iii) Stay stopped until the pedestrian has passed completely through the crossing or intersection.] THE DRIVER OF A VEHICLE SHALL YIELD THE RIGHT-OF-WAY TO:

(1) A BLIND OR PARTIALLY BLIND PEDESTRIAN CARRYING A CLEARLY VISIBLE WHITE CANE OR ACCOMPANIED BY A GUIDE DOG; OR

(2) A DEAF OR HEARING IMPAIRED PEDESTRIAN ACCOMPANIED BY A GUIDE DOG.

(b) [This section does not affect the movement of traffic at any highway crossing or intersection where traffic is regulated by a police officer.

(c)] A person who is not blind or partially blind may not use or carry a white cane, a cane that is white tipped with red, or a chrome, nickel, aluminum, or other reflecting or shining metal cane, in the manner described in subsection (a)(1) of this section.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 1991.

Approved April 30, 1991.

CHAPTER 117

(Senate Bill 469)

AN ACT concerning

Garnishment – Funds Held in Accounts in the Name of More than One Person

FOR the purpose of ~~clarifying that~~ authorizing certain financial institutions ~~may pay to hold a certain amount into court in an account~~ under certain circumstances if property held in an the account in the name of 2 or more persons is garnished; providing that under certain circumstances a garnishee may not be held liable to the judgment creditor or to any person named on an account that is subject to