- (d) This section may not be construed to prohibit a licensing authority which on or before January 1, 1990 required an applicant for an initial license or an applicant for a license renewal to disclose a criminal record or prior offense related to a controlled dangerous substance from:
- (1) Continuing to require an applicant to disclose a criminal record or prior offense related to a controlled dangerous substance, regardless of the date of the offense; and
- (2) Taking any actions permitted by law, including refusing to issue a license, if the applicant:
- (i) Discloses a criminal record or prior offense related to a controlled dangerous substance; or
- (ii) Wrongfully conceals a criminal record or prior offense related to a controlled dangerous substance.

## [1-405.] 1-503.

Subject to the provisions of § [1-407] 1-505 of this subtitle, if a licensing authority receives notification under Article 27, § 298A of the Code that a licensee has been convicted of a controlled dangerous substance offense committed on or after January 1, 1991, the licensing authority may:

- (1) (i) Place the licensee on probation for a reasonable period of time; or
  - (ii) Suspend or revoke the license or reprimand the licensee;
- (2) Assess the licensee, in accordance with applicable regulations, all or part of the cost of any disciplinary proceeding and sanction; or
- (3) Impose any other sanction or take any other action authorized by law. [1-406.] 1-504.
- (a) If a licensee is placed on probation under § [1-404] 1-502 or § [1-405] 1-503 of this subtitle, the licensing authority may:
- (1) Require the licensee to submit to periodic drug testing during the period of probation;
- (2) Require the licensee to participate in appropriate counseling or treatment; and
  - (3) Impose any other reasonable term or condition of probation.
- (b) If a licensee who is on probation violates any condition of probation, the licensing authority may:
  - (1) Revoke the probation;
  - (2) Suspend or revoke the licensee's license; or