## 9-626.

(b) If the covered employee has an average weekly wage of less than \$50 at the time of the accidental PERSONAL injury or the last injurious exposure to the hazards of the occupational disease, the covered employee shall receive minimum compensation that equals the average weekly wage of the covered employee.

## 9-627.

- (j) (1) When compensation is awarded for less than 75 weeks for a disability listed in subsection (b) of this section, the Commission may determine that the disability results in an industrial loss by considering factors including:
  - (i) the nature of the physical disability; and
- (ii) the age, experience, occupation, and training of the employee when the accidental PERSONAL injury or occupational disease occurred.
- (2) If the Commission determines that the accidental PERSONAL injury or occupational disease results in industrial loss, the Commission may award the covered employee additional weeks of compensation not to exceed a total disability of 75 weeks.
- (k) (1) In all cases of permanent partial disability not listed in subsections (a) through (j) of this section, the Commission shall determine the percentage by which the industrial use of the covered employee's body was impaired as a result of the accidental PERSONAL injury or occupational disease.
- (2) <u>In making a determination under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Commissioner shall consider factors including:</u>
  - (i) the nature of the physical disability; and
- (ii) the age, experience, occupation, and training of the disabled covered employee when the accidental PERSONAL injury or occupational disease occurred.

## 9-630.

- (a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, if a covered employee is given an award or a combination of awards resulting from 1 accidental PERSONAL injury or occupational disease for 250 weeks or more under § 9–627 of this subtitle:
- (i) the Commission shall increase the award or awards by one-third the number of weeks in the award or awards, computed to the nearest whole number; and
- (ii) the employer or its insurer shall pay the covered employee weekly compensation that equals two-thirds of the average weekly wage of the covered employee, but does not exceed 75% of the State average weekly wage.