

(a) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall request that the Division of Parole and Probation make an investigation for inmates in a local correctional facility and the Division of Correction make an investigation for inmates in a State correctional facility that will enable the Commission to determine the advisability of granting parole to an inmate who:

(i) has been sentenced under the laws of the State to serve a term of 6 months or more in a correctional facility; and

(ii) has served in confinement one-fourth of the inmate's aggregate sentence.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, or as otherwise provided by law or in a predetermined parole release agreement, an inmate is not eligible for parole until the inmate has served in confinement one-fourth of the inmate's aggregate sentence.

(3) An inmate may be released on parole at any time in order to undergo drug or alcohol treatment, **MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT, OR TO PARTICIPATE IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM OF TREATMENT IN THE BEST INTEREST OF AN INMATE'S EXPECTED OR NEWBORN CHILD** if the inmate:

(i) is not serving a sentence for a crime of violence, as defined in § 14-101 of the Criminal Law Article;

(ii) is not serving a sentence for a violation of Title 3, Subtitle 6, § 5-608(d), § 5-609(d), § 5-612, § 5-613, § 5-614, § 5-621, § 5-622, or § 5-628 of the Criminal Law Article; and

(iii) has been determined to be amenable to [drug or alcohol] treatment.

9-601.

(a) If a representation is made to the managing official of a correctional facility in the [Division of Correction] **DEPARTMENT** that an inmate in the correctional facility is pregnant and about to give birth, the managing official:

(1) a reasonable time before the anticipated birth, shall make an investigation; and

(2) if the facts require, shall recommend through the [Division of Correction] **MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION** that the Governor exercise executive clemency.