expungement in the District Court that has proper venue against the law enforcement unit.

- (ii) The person shall file the application within 30 days after the written notice of the denial is mailed or delivered to the person.
- (2) After notice to the law enforcement unit, the court shall hold a hearing.
- (3) If the court finds that the person is entitled to expungement, the court shall order the law enforcement unit to expunge the police record.
- (4) If the court finds that the person is not entitled to expungement of the police record, the court shall deny the application.
 - (5) (i) The law enforcement unit is a party to the proceeding.
- (ii) Each party to the proceeding is entitled to appellate review on the record, as provided in the Courts Article for appeals in civil cases from the District Court.
- (G) A PERSON WHO IS ENTITLED TO EXPUNGEMENT UNDER THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE REQUIRED TO PAY ANY FEE OR COSTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE EXPUNGEMENT.

10-103.1.

- (A) FOR ARRESTS, DETENTIONS, OR CONFINEMENTS OCCURRING ON OR AFTER OCTOBER 1, 2007, A PERSON WHO IS ARRESTED, DETAINED, OR CONFINED BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT UNIT AND THEN IS RELEASED WITHOUT BEING CHARGED WITH THE COMMISSION OF A CRIME IS ENTITLED TO EXPUNGEMENT OF ALL POLICE RECORDS, INCLUDING PHOTOGRAPHS AND FINGERPRINTS, RELATING TO THE MATTER.
- (B) WITHIN $\frac{30}{60}$ DAYS AFTER RELEASE OF A PERSON ENTITLED TO EXPUNGEMENT OF A POLICE RECORD UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT UNIT SHALL:
- (1) SEARCH DILIGENTLY FOR AND EXPUNGE EACH POLICE RECORD ABOUT THE ARREST, DETENTION, OR CONFINEMENT OF THE PERSON; AND