- (ii) 1. A. on admission to a hospital for the child's delivery, the mother tested positive for a drug as evidenced by a positive toxicology test; or
- B. upon the birth of the child, the child tested positive for a drug as evidenced by a positive toxicology test; and
- 2. the mother refused the level of drug treatment recommended by a qualified addictions specialist, as defined in § 5–1201 of this title, or by a physician or psychologist, as defined in the Health Occupations Article;

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2007.

Approved by the Governor, April 10, 2007.

## CHAPTER 48

(House Bill 340)

AN ACT concerning

## ${\bf Drug-Exposed\ Infants-Methamphetamine}$

FOR the purpose of expanding the definition of a drug exposed infant to include exposure to methamphetamine; and generally relating to drug-exposed infants altering the conditions that establish a certain presumption that a child is in need of assistance by adding methamphetamine to certain provisions relating to drugs to which a child was born exposed or for which a mother tested positive upon admission to a hospital for delivery of a child; including methamphetamine within the definition of the term "drug" for purposes of certain factors a juvenile court is required to consider in determining whether termination of a parent's rights is in a child's best interests; and generally relating to children in need of assistance and termination of parental rights.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings Section 3–818 Annotated Code of Maryland (2006 Replacement Volume)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,