BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

Article – Family Law Section 5–323(d)(3)(ii) Annotated Code of Maryland (2006 Replacement Volume)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

3-818.

Within 1 year after a child's birth, there is a presumption that a child is not receiving proper care and attention from the mother for purposes of § 3-801(f)(2) of this subtitle if:

- (1) (i) The child was born exposed to cocaine, heroin, METHAMPHETAMINE, or a derivative of cocaine [or], heroin, OR METHAMPHETAMINE as evidenced by any appropriate tests of the mother or child; or
- (ii) Upon admission to a hospital for delivery of the child, the mother tested positive for cocaine, heroin, METHAMPHETAMINE, or a derivative of cocaine [or], heroin, OR METHAMPHETAMINE as evidenced by any appropriate toxicology test; and
- (2) Drug treatment is made available to the mother and the mother refuses the recommended level of drug treatment, or does not successfully complete the recommended level of drug treatment.

Article - Family Law

5-323.

- (a) In this section, "drug" means cocaine, heroin, METHAMPHETAMINE, or a derivative of cocaine [or], heroin, OR METHAMPHETAMINE.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, in ruling on a petition for guardianship of a child, a juvenile court shall give primary consideration to the health and safety of the child and consideration to all other factors needed to determine whether terminating a parent's rights is in the child's best interests, including:
 - (3) whether: