

(1) Pays the fine on the original charge as provided for in the original citations; or

(2) Posts bond or a penalty deposit and requests a new date for a trial or a hearing on sentencing and disposition.

(e) If a person fails to pay the fine or post the bond or penalty deposit under subsection (d) of this section, the Administration may suspend the driving privileges of the person.

(f) When the offense is not punishable by incarceration, if the court notifies the Administration of the person's noncompliance under subsection (c) of this section, a warrant may not be issued for the person under this section until 20 days after the original trial date.

(g) With the cooperation of the District Court and circuit courts, the Administration shall develop procedures to carry out those provisions of this section that relate to the suspension of driving privileges.

26-402.

(a) This section does not apply if the alleged offense is any of the offenses enumerated in § 26-202(a)(3)(i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) of this title.

(b) If a police officer arrests a person and takes [him] **THE PERSON** before a District Court commissioner as provided in this title, the person shall be released on issuance of a [written] citation if:

(1) A commissioner is not available;

(2) A judge, clerk, or other public officer, authorized to accept bail for the court is not available; and

(3) The person charged gives [his] **THE PERSON'S** written promise to appear in court.

26-407.

(a) This section does not affect or modify the procedures established under Subtitle 3 of this title as to violations of parking ordinances or regulations adopted under that subtitle.

(b) Each police officer who issues a traffic citation to an alleged violator of any State or local law [shall]: