

(5) Apply only to a medical record developed by the health care provider unless in writing:

(i) The authorization specifies disclosure of a medical record that the health care provider has received from another provider; and

(ii) The other provider has not prohibited redisclosure.

(c) A health care provider shall disclose a medical record on receipt of a preauthorized form that is part of an application for insurance.

(D) A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER SHALL DISCLOSE A MEDICAL RECORD ON RECEIPT OF AN AUTHORIZATION FOR THE RELEASE OF RELEVANT MEDICAL INFORMATION THAT IS INCLUDED WITH THE CLAIM APPLICATION FORM FILED WITH THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COMMISSION IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 9-709(A), § 9-710(B), OR § 9-711(A) OF THE LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT ARTICLE.

[(d)] (E) (1) Except in cases of criminal justice referrals, a person in interest may revoke an authorization in writing.

(2) A revocation of an authorization becomes effective on the date of receipt by the health care provider.

(3) A disclosure made before the effective date of a revocation is not affected by the revocation.

[(e)] (F) A copy of the following shall be entered in the medical record of a patient or recipient:

(1) A written authorization;

(2) Any action taken in response to an authorization; and

(3) Any revocation of an authorization.

Article - Labor and Employment

9-709.

(a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, if a covered employee suffers an accidental personal injury, the covered employee, within 60 days after the date of the accidental personal injury, shall file with the Commission: