- (f) (1) The electric company shall calculate net energy metering in accordance with this subsection.
- (2) Net energy produced or consumed on a monthly basis shall be measured in accordance with standard metering practices.
- (3) If electricity supplied by the grid exceeds electricity generated by the eligible customer—generator during a month, the eligible customer—generator shall be billed for the net energy supplied in accordance with subsection (e) of this section.
- (4) If electricity generated by the eligible customer-generator exceeds the electricity supplied by the grid, the eligible customer-generator shall be required to pay only customer charges for that month in accordance with subsection (e) of this section.
- (5) (i) An eligible customer-generator under paragraph (4) of this subsection may accrue generation credit for a period not to exceed 12 months.
- $\mbox{(ii)}$  The electric company shall carry forward a negative kilowatt–hour reading until:
- 1. the eligible customer-generator's consumption of electricity from the grid eliminates the credit; or
- $2. \hspace{1.5cm} \hbox{the 12--month accrual period under subparagraph (i)} \\$  of this paragraph expires.
- (6) ANY REMAINING ACCRUED GENERATION CREDIT AT THE EXPIRATION OF THE 12-MONTH ACCRUAL PERIOD UNDER PARAGRAPH (5)(II)2 OF THIS SUBSECTION:

## (I) SHALL REVERT TO THE ELECTRIC COMPANY; AND

- (II) MAY NOT BE RECOVERED BY THE ELIGIBLE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR.
- (g) (1) For an eligible customer-generator whose facility is sized to produce energy in excess of the eligible customer-generator's annual energy consumption, the Commission:
- (1) may require the eligible customer-generator to install a dual meter that is capable of measuring the flow of electricity in two directions; and
  - (2) (II) shall develop a credit formula that: