

~~(b) A person may not escape from a detention center for juveniles or a facility for juveniles listed in Article 83C, § 2-117(a)(2) of the Code and in the course of the escape commit an assault.~~

(b) A person may not:

(1) escape from:

(I) a detention center for juveniles [or];

(II) a facility for juveniles listed in Article 83C, § 2-117(a)(2) of the Code; OR

(III) A PLACE IDENTIFIED IN A JUVENILE COMMUNITY DETENTION ORDER; and

(2) in the course of the escape commit an assault.

[(c) (1) This subsection applies to a person who is:

(i) temporarily released from a place of confinement; or

(ii) committed to home detention under the terms of pretrial release or by the Division of Correction under Title 3, Subtitle 4 of the Correctional Services Article.

(2) A person may not knowingly:

(i) violate any restriction on movement imposed under the terms of a temporary release or a home detention order or agreement; or

(ii) fail to return to a place of confinement under the terms of a temporary release or a home detention order or agreement.]

[(d)](C) [Except as provided in § 9-405 of this subtitle, a] A person who violates this section is guilty of the felony of escape in the first degree and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not exceeding \$20,000 or both.

9-405.

(a) ~~(1)~~ (1) A person who has been lawfully arrested may not knowingly depart from custody without the authorization of a law enforcement or judicial officer.

~~(2)~~ ~~(B)~~ (2) A person may not knowingly fail to obey a court order to report to a place of confinement.

~~(3) A person who is serving a sentence in a home detention program [other than the Division of Correction home detention program under Title 3, Subtitle 4 of the Correctional Services Article] may not knowingly:~~

~~(i) violate any restriction on movement imposed under the terms of the home detention order or agreement; or~~