- 1. the power boiler has internal continuous water treatment under the general supervision of a professional engineer who has experience in the treatment of boiler water; and
- 2. the owner or user of the power boiler keeps available, for examination by the Chief Boiler Inspector or by a deputy boiler inspector or special inspector, accurate records that show:
- A. the date, time, and reason that the power boiler is out of service; and
- B. a chemical and physical analysis of samples of the boiler water taken at regular intervals of not more than 48 hours of operation that adequately show the condition of the boiler water and any elements or characteristics of the boiler water that are capable of producing corrosion or other deterioration of the power boiler or its parts.
 - (4) A heating boiler shall receive a certificate inspection biennially.
- (5) (i) A pressure vessel-that is subject to internal corresion shall receive a certificate inspection biennially.
- (ii) A pressure vessel that is not subject to internal corrosion shall receive a certificate inspection at intervals set by the Board.
 - (iii) Internal inspection is not required of a pressure vessel if:
- 1. the contents of the pressure vessel are known to be noncorrosive to the material of which the shell, heads, or fittings are constructed:
 - A. from the chemical composition of the contents; or
- B. from evidence that the contents are adequately treated with a corresion inhibitor; and
- 2. the pressure vessel is constructed in accordance with regulations adopted under this subtitle.
- (6) (4) A nuclear vessel within the scope of this subtitle shall be inspected and reported in a form and with appropriate information designated by the Board.
- (II) THE INTERVALS SHALL PROTECT PUBLIC SAFETY TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION, CONSISTENT WITH § 12–905 OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE DESIGN, TYPE, AGE, EXTENT OF AUTOMATED MONITORING, FUEL, AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS OF THE BOILER OR PRESSURE VESSEL.