

**CHAPTER 316**

**(Senate Bill 884)**

AN ACT concerning

**Correctional Services - Concurrent and Consecutive Sentences - Offenders on Parole**

FOR the purpose of repealing the requirement that a new sentence run consecutively to the time to be served on the original term when an individual is convicted of a crime committed while on parole; requiring a court to determine if a new sentence is to run concurrently or consecutively, as provided by a certain Maryland Rule; requiring that if a new sentence is to run consecutively, the new sentence shall begin at a certain time; providing that the reimposition of a certain sentence shall begin at a certain time; providing for the application of this Act; and generally relating to criminal sentences and revocation of parole.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article - Correctional Services

Section 7-401 and 7-403

Annotated Code of Maryland

(1999 Volume and 2003 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

Article - Correctional Services

Section 7-502(b) and 9-202

Annotated Code of Maryland

(1999 Volume and 2003 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

**Article - Correctional Services**

7-401.

(a) If a parolee is alleged to have violated a condition of parole, one commissioner shall hear the case on revocation of the parole at the time and place that the Commission designates.

(b) (1) Each individual charged with a parole violation is entitled to be represented by counsel of the individual's choice or, if eligible, counsel provided by the Public Defender's office.

(2) The Commission shall keep a record of the hearing.

(c) If the commissioner finds from the evidence that the parolee has violated a condition of parole, the commissioner may take any action that the commissioner considers appropriate, including: