- (d) A second DNA sample shall be taken if ordered by the court for good cause shown:
- (D) A SECOND DNA SAMPLE MAY BE TAKEN IF NEEDED TO OBTAIN SUFFICIENT DNA FOR THE STATE DATABASE OR IF ORDERED BY THE COURT FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN.
- (e) If a person is not sentenced to a term of imprisonment, failure to provide a DNA sample within 90 days of notice by the Director shall be considered a violation of probation.
- (f) A person who has been convicted of a [qualifying crime of violence] FELONY OR A VIOLATION OF § 6-205 OR § 6-206 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE prior to October 1, [1999] 2002, and who remains incarcerated on that date shall submit a DNA sample to the Department of State Police.
- (g) (1) To the extent fiscal resources are available, DNA samples shall be tested for the following purposes:
- (i) To analyze and type the genetic markers contained in or derived from DNA samples;
- (ii) In the furtherance of an official investigation into a criminal offense;
  - (iii) To assist in the identification of human remains;
  - (iv) To assist in the identification of missing persons; and
  - (v) For research and administrative purposes, including:
- Development of a population data base after personal identifying information is removed;
- 2. Support of identification research and protocol development of forensic DNA analysis methods; and
  - 3. Quality control purposes.
- (2) (i) Only DNA records that directly relate to the identification of individuals shall be collected and stored.
- (ii) These records may not be used for any purposes other than those specified in this section.
- (h) (1) The DNA record of identification characteristics resulting from the DNA testing shall be stored and maintained by the Crime Laboratory in the statewide DNA data base system.
- (2) The DNA sample shall be stored and maintained by the Crime Laboratory in the statewide DNA repository.
- (i) Pursuant to regulations adopted by the Secretary, after consultation with the Director: