- (ii) unless the holder is granted an extension by the court due to a showing of extraordinary circumstances beyond the certificate holder's control, the holder secures a decree from the circuit court in which the foreclosure proceeding was filed within 18 months from the date of the filing of the foreclosure proceeding.
- (d) (1) If a certificate is void under subsection (c) of this section, then any right, title, and interest of the holder of the certificate of sale, in the property sold shall cease and all money received by the collector on account of the sale shall be deemed forfeited, and shall be applied by the collector on the taxes in arrears on the property.
- (2) If a certificate for abandoned property reverts to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore City under this section, the Mayor and City Council may:
  - (i) file a foreclosure proceeding in its own name; or
  - (ii) 1. resell the certificate; and
- 2. apply all money received on account of the sale to any outstanding balance remaining after the sale on the tax debt owed by the previous owner of the abandoned property.
- (e) If any building or structure is sold and purchased under this subtitle, and the appropriate government agency certifies that the particular building or structure involved requires, or within 6 months shall require, substantial repairs to comply with the applicable building code:
- (1) the holder of any certificate of sale may at any time after 60 days from the date of sale file a complaint to foreclose all rights of redemption of the property to which the certificate relates; and
- (2) the certificate of the appropriate government agency shall be a part of the complaint to foreclose the rights of redemption.
- (F) THE HOLDER OF A CERTIFICATE OF SALE FOR ABANDONED PROPERTY IN BALTIMORE CITY SOLD UNDER § 14–817(C) OF THIS SUBTITLE WITH A MINIMUM BID LESS THAN THE LIEN AMOUNT MAY FILE A COMPLAINT TO FORECLOSE ALL RIGHTS OF REDEMPTION IN THE PROPERTY AT ANY TIME AFTER THE DATE OF SALE.

## 14-847

- (a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the judgment of the court shall direct the collector to execute a deed to the holder of the certificate of sale in fee simple or in leasehold, as appropriate, on payment to the collector of the balance of the purchase price, due on account of the purchase price of the property, together with all taxes and interest and penalties on the property that accrue after the date of sale. The judgment shall direct the supervisor to enroll the holder of the certificate of sale in fee simple or in leasehold, as appropriate, as the owner of the property.
- (2) In Frederick County, if the collector is absent, the deed may be executed by a deputy collector designated by the collector.