

~~(b) Except as provided in § 4-303 of this subtitle, the District Court does not have criminal jurisdiction to try a case in which a juvenile court has exclusive original jurisdiction.~~

~~(c) The jurisdiction of the District Court is concurrent with that of the juvenile court in any criminal case arising under the compulsory public school attendance laws of this State.~~

~~(d) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the jurisdiction of the District Court is concurrent with that of the circuit court in a criminal case:~~

~~(i) In which the penalty may be confinement for 3 years or more or a fine of \$2,500 or more; or~~

~~(ii) Which is a felony, as provided in § 4-301(b)(2), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), and (16) of this subtitle.~~

~~(2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, a circuit court does not have jurisdiction to try a case charging a violation of Article 27, § 287 of the Code.~~

~~(ii) A circuit court does have jurisdiction to try a case charging a violation of Article 27, § 287 of the Code if the defendant:~~

- ~~1. Properly demands a jury trial;~~
- ~~2. Appeals as provided by law from a final judgment entered in the District Court; or~~
- ~~3. Is charged with another offense arising out of the same circumstances that is within a circuit court's jurisdiction.~~

~~(e) (1) The District Court is deprived of jurisdiction if a defendant is entitled to and demands a jury trial at any time prior to trial in the District Court.~~

~~(2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, unless the penalty for the offense with which the defendant is charged permits imprisonment for a period in excess of 90 days, a defendant is not entitled to a jury trial in a criminal case.~~

~~(ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the presiding judge of the District Court may deny a defendant a jury trial if:~~

~~1. The prosecutor recommends in open court that the judge not impose a penalty of imprisonment for a period in excess of 90 days, regardless of the permissible statutory or common law maximum;~~

~~2. The judge agrees not to impose a penalty of imprisonment for a period in excess of 90 days; and~~