

(ii) Shown by the testing laboratory to meet the performance and test standards for electronic voting systems established by the Federal Election Commission; and

(3) The public interest will be served by the certification of the voting system.

(d) In determining whether a voting system meets the required standards, the State Board shall consider:

(1) The commercial availability of the system and its replacement parts and components;

(2) The availability of continuing service for the system;

(3) The cost of implementing the system;

(4) The efficiency of the system;

(5) The likelihood [of breakdown] THAT THE SYSTEM WILL MALFUNCTION;

(6) The system's ease of understanding for the voter;

(7) The convenience of voting afforded by the system;

(8) The timeliness of the tabulation and reporting of election returns;

(9) The potential for an alternative means of verifying the tabulation;

(10) Accessibility for all voters with disabilities recognized by the Americans with Disabilities Act; and

(11) Any other factor that the State Board considers relevant.

(e) (1) The State Board shall adopt regulations relating to requirements for each voting system selected and certified under § 9-101 of this subtitle.

(2) The regulations shall specify the procedures necessary to assure that the standards of this title are maintained, including:

(i) A description of the voting system;

(ii) A public information program by the local board, at the time of introduction of a new voting system, to be directed to all voters, candidates, campaign groups, schools, and news media in the county;

(iii) Local election officials' responsibility for management of the system;

(iv) The actions required to assure the security of the voting system;

(v) The supplies and equipment required;