3-1505.

- (a) A respondent shall have an opportunity to be heard on the question of whether the [court] JUDGE should issue a FINAL peace order.
- (b) (1) (i) The temporary peace order shall state the date and time of the FINAL peace order hearing.
- (ii) Unless continued for good cause, the FINAL peace order hearing shall be held no later than 7 days after the temporary peace order is served on the respondent.
 - (2) The temporary peace order shall include notice to the respondent:
- (i) In at least 10-point bold type, that if the respondent fails to appear at the FINAL peace order hearing, the respondent may be served by first-class mail at the respondent's last known address with the FINAL peace order and all other notices concerning the FINAL peace order;
- (ii) Specifying all the possible forms of relief under subsection (d) of this section that the FINAL peace order may contain;
- (iii) That the FINAL peace order shall be effective for the period stated in the order, not to exceed 6 months; and
- (iv) In at least 10-point bold type, that the respondent must notify the court in writing of any change of address.
- (c) (1) If the respondent appears for the FINAL peace order hearing, has been served with [the] AN INTERIM PEACE ORDER OR A temporary peace order, or the court otherwise has personal jurisdiction over the respondent, the [court] JUDGE:
 - (i) May proceed with the FINAL peace order hearing; and
- (ii) If the [court] JUDGE finds by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent has committed, and is likely to commit in the future, an act specified in § 3-1503(a) of this subtitle against the petitioner, or if the respondent consents to the entry of a peace order, the court may issue a FINAL peace order to protect the petitioner.
- (2) A FINAL peace order may be issued only to an individual who has filed a petition under § 3-1503 of this subtitle.
- (3) In cases where both parties file a petition under § 3–1503 of this subtitle, the [court] JUDGE may issue mutual peace orders if the [court] JUDGE finds by clear and convincing evidence that each party has committed, and is likely to commit in the future, an act specified in § 3–1503(a) of this subtitle against the other party.
 - (d) (1) The FINAL peace order may include any or all of the following relief:
- (i) Order the respondent to refrain from committing or threatening to commit an act specified in § 3–1503(a) of this subtitle against the petitioner;