

[(iii)] (XIII) A violation of the Transportation Article that is punishable by imprisonment;

[(iv)] A crime at common law; or

(v) A crime under § 3-218, § 3-305(c)(2), § 3-409(a) or (c), § 3-803(b), § 3-807(i), § 3-808(d), § 3-811(c), § 8-801, § 8-802, § 9-602(e), § 11-702(b)(8), § 11-703(d)(5)(iii), § 11-706(b)(8), § 11-708(b)(8)(ii), § 11-711(h)(2), § 11-712(c)(6)(ii), § 11-714(c)(6), § 11-715(g)(2), § 11-716(h)(2), § 11-723(b)(8), or § 11-726 of the Correctional Services Article].

(XIV) A CRIME UNDER ARTICLE 2B, TITLE 22 OR § 18-104 OF THE CODE;

(XV) A CRIME UNDER ARTICLE 24, § 11-512, § 11-513, OR § 11-514 OF THE CODE;

(XVI) A CRIME UNDER § 109 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC LOCAL LAWS OF CAROLINE COUNTY;

(XVII) A CRIME UNDER § 4-103 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC LOCAL LAWS OF CARROLL COUNTY;

(XVIII) A CRIME UNDER § 8A-1 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC LOCAL LAWS OF TALBOT COUNTY; OR

(XIX) A CRIME AT COMMON LAW.

8-301.

(a) In a trial in which the defendant is subject, on any single count, to a sentence of death because notice of intention to seek a sentence of death has been given under [Article 27, § 412 of the Code] § 2-202 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE, each defendant is permitted 20 peremptory challenges and the State is permitted 10 peremptory challenges for each defendant.

(b) In a criminal trial in which the defendant is subject, on any single count, to a sentence of life imprisonment, including a case in which notice of intention to seek a sentence of death has not been given under [Article 27, § 412 of the Code] § 2-202 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE, except for common law offenses for which no specific penalty is provided by statute, each defendant is permitted 20 peremptory challenges and the State is permitted 10 peremptory challenges for each defendant.

10-302.

In a prosecution for a violation of a law concerning a person who is driving or attempting to drive a vehicle in violation of § 16-113, § 16-813, or § 21-902 of the Transportation Article, or in violation of [Article 27, § 388, § 388A, or § 388B of the Code] TITLE 2, SUBTITLE 5, § 2-209, OR § 3-211 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE, a test of the person's breath or blood may be administered for the purpose of determining alcohol concentration and a test or tests of 1 specimen of the person's blood may be administered for the purpose of determining the drug or controlled dangerous substance content of the person's blood.